

Continent-wide response of mountain vegetation to climate change

Michael Gottfried¹, Harald Pauli², Andreas Futschik³, Maia Akhalkatsi⁴, Peter Barančok⁵, José Luis Benito Alonso⁶, Gheorghe Coldea⁷, Jan Dick⁸, Brigitte Erschbamer⁹, María Rosa Fernández Calzado¹⁰, George Kazakis¹¹, Ján Krajčí⁵, Per Larsson¹², Martin Mallaun¹³, Ottar Michelsen¹⁴, Dmitry Moiseev¹⁵, Pavel Moiseev¹⁵, Ulf Molau¹⁶, Abderrahmane Merzouki¹⁰, Laszlo Nagy^{17,18}, George Nakhutsrishvili¹⁹, Bård Pedersen²⁰, Giovanni Pelino²¹, Mihai Puscas²², Graziano Rossi²³, Angela Stanisci²¹, Jean-Paul Theurillat^{24,25}, Marcello Tomaselli²⁶, Luis Villar⁶, Pascal Vittoz²⁷, Ioannis Vogiatzakis²⁸, Georg Grabherr²

¹Faculty Centre of Biodiversity, University of Vienna, Rennweg 14, 1030 Wien, Austria. ²Institute of Mountain Research (IGF), Austrian Academy of Sciences, c/o University of Vienna, Rennweg 14, 1030 Wien, Austria. ³Institute of Statistics and Decision Support Systems, University of Vienna, Universitätsstraße 5, 1010 Wien, Austria. ⁴Institute of Ecology, Ilia State University, K. Cholokashvili Ave. 3/5, 0162 Tbilisi, Georgia. ⁵Institute of Landscape Ecology of the Slovak Academy of Sciences, Stefanikova 3, 81499 Bratislava, Slovakia. ⁶Instituto Pirenaico de Ecología, Consejo Superior de Investigaciones Científicas, Avenida Regimiento Galicia, 6. 22700 Jaca, Spain. ⁷Department of Taxonomy and Plant Ecology, Institute of Biological Research, 48 Republicii Str., 400015 Cluj-Napoca, Romania. ⁸Centre for Ecology and Hydrology, Bush Estate, Penicuik, Midlothian, EH26 0QB, Scotland, UK. ⁹University of Innsbruck, Sternwartestrasse 15, 6020 Innsbruck, Austria. ¹⁰Department of Botany, Faculty of Pharmacy, University of Granada, Campus Universitario de Cartuja, 8071 Granada, Spain. ¹¹Mediterranean Agronomic Institute of Chania, Department of Environmental Management, P.O. Box 85, 73100 Chania, Greece. ¹²University of Göteborg, c/o Fallaengsvaegen 39 A, 671 51 Arvika, Sweden. ¹³University of Innsbruck, c/o Hirzingerweg 23, 6380 St. Johann i. T., Austria. ¹⁴The Industrial Ecology Programme, Norwegian University of Science and Technology, NO-7491 Trondheim, Norway. ¹⁵Institute of Plant and Animal Ecology, Russian Academy of Sciences, 8 Marta, 202, 620032 Ekaterinburg, Russia. ¹⁶Department of Plant and Environmental Sciences, University of Göteborg, SE 405 30 Göteborg, Sweden. ¹⁷EcoScience Scotland, 2/1 27 Glencairn Drive, Glasgow, Scotland, G41 4QP. ¹⁸Instituto Nacional de Pesquisa da Amazonia, Manaus, Brazil. ¹⁹Institute of Botany, Georgian Academy of Sciences, Kojori Road 1, 380007 Tbilisi, Georgia. ²⁰Department of Biology, Norwegian University of Science and Technology, NO-7491 Trondheim, Norway. ²¹Lab. Environmetrics, University of Molise, C.da Fonte Lappone, 86090 Pesche (Isernia), Italy. ²²Al. Borza Botanical Garden, Babes-Bolyai University, 42 Republicii Str., 400015 Cluj-Napoca, Romania. ²³Dipartimento di Ecologia del Territorio, Università degli Studi di Pavia, Via S. Epifanio 14, 27100 Pavia, Italy. ²⁴Centre alpin de Phytogéographie, Fondation J.-M. Aubert, Case postale 71, CH-1938 Champex-Lac, Switzerland. ²⁵Section of Biology, University of Geneva, Case postale 60, CH-1292 Chambésy, Switzerland. ²⁶Dipartimento di Biologia Evolutiva e Funzionale, Università degli Studi di Parma, Parco Area delle Scienze 11/A, 43100 Parma, Italy. ²⁷Department of Ecology and Evolution, University of Lausanne, Bâtiment Biophore, CH-1015 Lausanne, Switzerland. ²⁸School of Pure & Applied Sciences, Open University of Cyprus, PO Box 12794, 2252 Latsia, Nicosia, Cyprus

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SECTION 1 Altitudinal species ranks

1A Nomenclature

Species names follow Flora Europaea³¹.

1B Ranking procedure

For each species, its lower and upper distribution margin and its distribution centre were derived from standard floras (Supplementary Table 1; this table provides also abbreviations for mountain regions as used in this Supplementary Information).

These altitudinal profiles were defined using the classical central European concept of vegetation belts (colline, montane, subalpine or treeline, alpine, nival) for the altitudinal distribution of life zones (see ref. 18 in the main text). They were then transformed into 6 altitudinal ranks (Supplementary Table 2) as follows:

Rank 1: species with nival distribution centre;

Rank 2: alpine to nival species that do not descend to the treeline;

Rank 3: alpine centred species which do not descend to the montane belt;

Rank 4: alpine centred species that descend to the montane belt; and species indifferently distributed from the treeline to the alpine; additionally, few treeline/indifferent/nival species from Caucasus, where the upper limit as stated in the literature appeared to be overestimated according to the authors' expert judgement;

Rank 5: species centred in the treeline ecotone or indifferently distributed from the montane to the alpine belts;

Rank 6: species which are montane-centered or indifferently distributed from the montane belt to the treeline.

764 species were classified in this manner before running the analysis. They are listed, together with their altitudinal profiles and ranks, in Appendix I.

Supplementary Table 1 | Abbreviations for mountain systems and references to standard floras used for the altitudinal species ranking.

Mountain system	Abbreviation in Supplementary Information	Number in Figure 2 and 3 of the main text	Reference to standard flora
Northern Scandes/Sweden	SELAT	1	³²
Polar Urals/Russia	RUPUR	2	^{33,34}
Southern Scandes/Norway	NODOV	3	³²
Cairngorms/Scotland	UKCAI	4	³²
Southern Urals/Russia	RUSUR	5	^{33,34}
High Tatra/Slovakia	SKCTA	6	³⁵
Northeastern Alps/Austria	ATHSW	7	^{36,37}
E. Carpathians/Romania	ROCRO	8	³⁸
Dolomites/Italy	ITADO	9	^{36,37}
Valais/Switzerland	CHVAL	10	^{36,37}
Northern Apennines/Italy	ITNAP	11	^{39,40}
Central Pyrenees/Spain	ESCPY	12	⁴¹
Central Caucasus/Georgia	GECAK	13	⁴²
Corsica/France	FRCRI	14	^{43,44}
Central Apennines/Italy	ITCAM	15	^{40,45}
Sierra Nevada/Spain	ESSNE	16	^{46,47}
Lefka Ori-Crete/Greece	GRLEO	17	⁴⁸

Supplementary Table 2 | Altitudinal profiles and assigned altitudinal species ranks.

Altitudinal distribution (lower margin / centre / upper margin)	n of species	Altitudinal species rank	Name of rank; total species in rank
nival / nival / nival	1	1	
alpine / nival / nival	16	1	nival; 17
alpine / alpine / nival	56	2	
alpine / indifferent / nival	1	2	alpine to nival; 57
alpine / alpine / alpine	60	3	
treeline / alpine / nival	25	3	
treeline / alpine / alpine	93	3	alpine; 178
montane / alpine / nival	13	4	
montane / alpine / alpine	40	4	
treeline / indifferent / nival	7	4	treeline to alpine; 216
treeline / indifferent / alpine	156	4	
treeline / treeline / nival	2	5	
treeline / treeline / alpine	58	5	
treeline / treeline / treeline	5	5	
montane / treeline / nival	1	5	treeline; 205
montane / treeline / alpine	56	5	
montane / indifferent / alpine	73	5	
montane / treeline / treeline	10	5	
montane / montane / alpine	24	6	
montane / indifferent / treeline	32	6	
montane / montane / treeline	30	6	montane; 91
montane / montane / montane	5	6	

1C Sensitivity of D to the applied altitudinal classification scheme

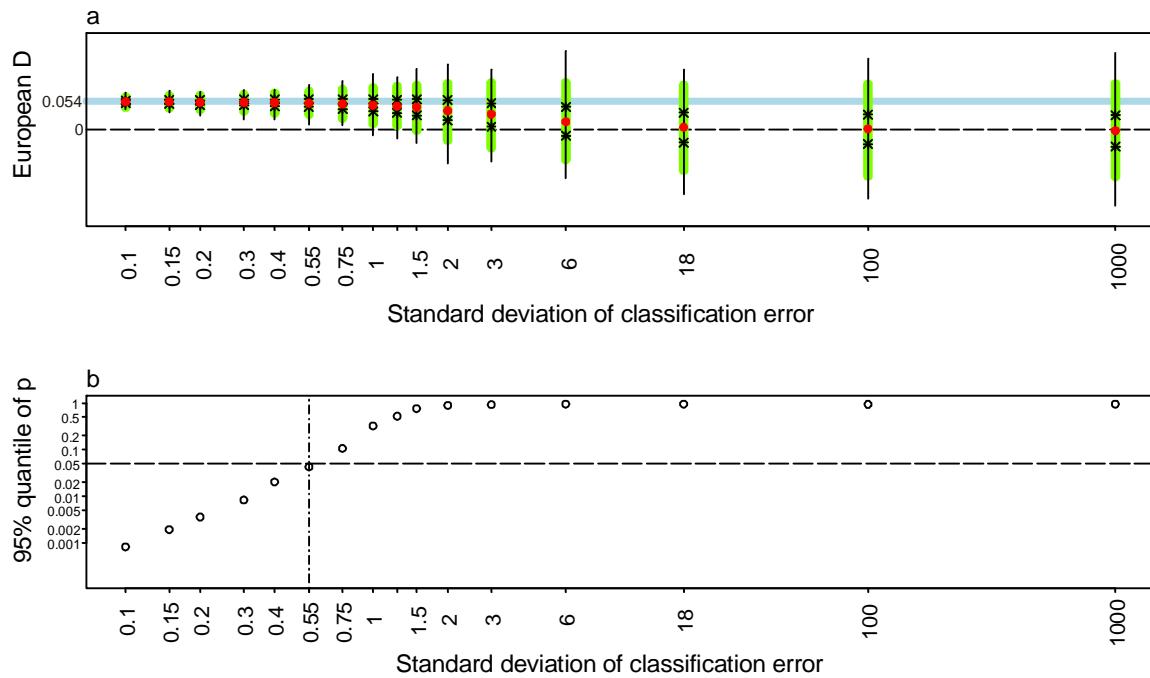
A closer look at the thermic vegetation indicator S reveals that the influence of any given species on the indicator depends on its altitudinal rank. As shown in Supplementary Table 2, this rank provides us with a range position along the altitudinal gradient at which a given plant species has its ecological optimum. Since an incorrect rank may have been assigned to some of the species, it is of interest to investigate the influence of such an incorrect assignment on D , i.e., the change in the thermic vegetation indicator S . As an example, suppose that the thermic vegetation indicator S of a plot changes from 3.2 to 3.5 between two recording times. Suppose furthermore that this has been mostly caused by a species with altitudinal rank 4 whose cover increased considerably over time. If the rank for this species has been chosen inappropriately and the true rank should be 3, the vegetation indicator should actually have decreased instead of increased between the recording times. If on the other hand the true rank were 5, an even larger increase in S would have been observed. Thus our results would not be very robust, if the observed changes in scores were supported only by few species on few summits. On the other hand, the more summits and species support the changes, the more stable the results should be.

To further investigate the amount of robustness of our thermic vegetation indicator S (and its change D) with respect to misspecified altitudinal ranks, we consider the following probabilistic model: Consider a (possibly unknown) abundance density that gives the relative abundance of a species at different altitudes. To obtain the altitudinal rank, the researcher tries to identify the altitudinal range where this density attains its mode, i.e. its highest value. By mistake, an incorrect value for the mode may be chosen which in turn may lead to an incorrect altitudinal rank r . The mode assumed by the

investigator is modeled by assigning a uniformly distributed mode position $m = r + U$ within the range $[r - 1/2, r + 1/2]$ implied by the altitudinal rank. To this position m , we add a normally $N(0, \sigma^2)$ distributed disturbance Z representing the distance between the true and the assumed mode of the abundance density. For the resulting disturbed position $m + Z$, a disturbed altitudinal rank $r(m + Z)$ is computed by rounding to the nearest rank. Subsequently the thermic vegetation indicator S is recomputed based on the disturbed ranks. As the true disturbances are unknown, the computations are repeated many times to get an estimate of the variability induced by using inaccurate altitudinal ranks. The robustness of our results can now be explored by considering several error variances σ^2 and checking up to which variance the results remains stable. Our particular interest is in finding out how inaccurate the altitudinal ranks can be, for the changes in S between the observational periods (i.e., D) to remain statistically significant. Simulations according to the above described probabilistic model gave the following results:

Starting at the original result of 0.054, D approaches zero with increasing disturbance variance (Supplementary Fig. 1a). Up to an amount of classification errors introduced by disturbances with a standard deviation $\sigma = 0.55$ ranks, 95% of the p -values (of 1000 permutation runs per data point in Supplementary Fig. 1b) remain below 0.05. This level of disturbance corresponds to the following average percentages (averaged over 1000 runs) of misclassified species: -3 | 0.13%; -2 | 0.67%; -1 | 20.1%; 0 | 60.6%; 1 | 18.2%; 2 | 0.48%; 3 | 0.13% (notation: distance to original rank | % of misclassified species within the 764 considered species). In other words, D has a 95% chance to remain significantly positive, even if the correct altitudinal rank has been assigned to only c. 60% of the species.

The focus of this sensitivity analysis has been on the misclassification of species within our proposed classification scheme and the originally applied altitudinal species ranks with the majority of species assigned to the middle ranks. Notice that we did not investigate the influence of considerably different classification schemes on our results, such as a scheme, where the species are distributed equally among the altitudinal ranks.

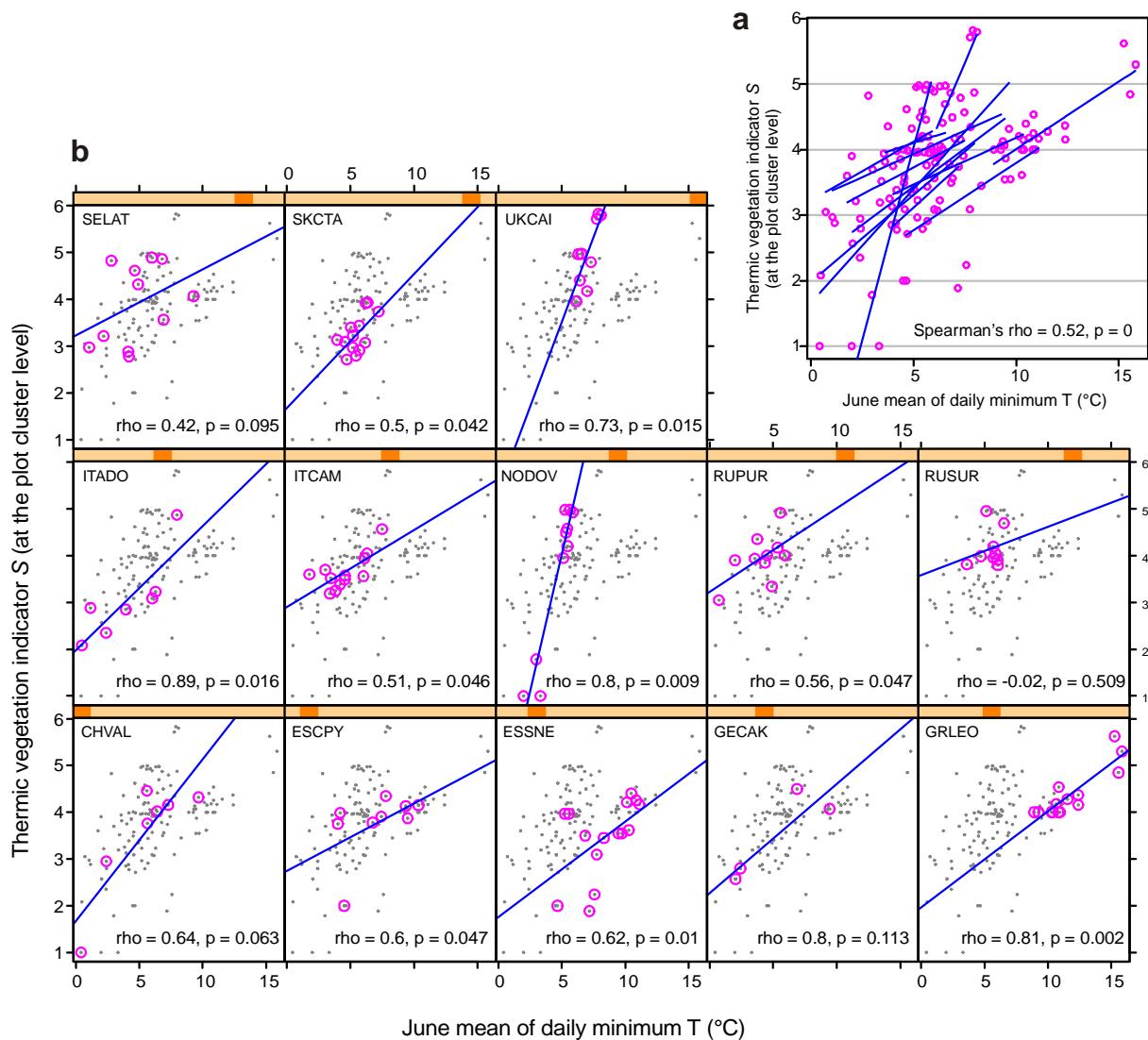


Supplementary Figure 1 | Sensitivity of the European D to the applied altitudinal rank classification scheme. **a**, European D at increasing simulated rates of misclassification. Points, median, stars, 1st and 3rd quartile, green bars, 95%-range, black lines, full range of D simulated in 1000 runs per step on the abscissa. **b**, distribution of p for D in the respective 1000 runs. See also the Methods Summary of the main text.

SECTION 2 Correlation of the thermic vegetation indicator S with locally measured temperatures

2A Correlation in particular mountain systems

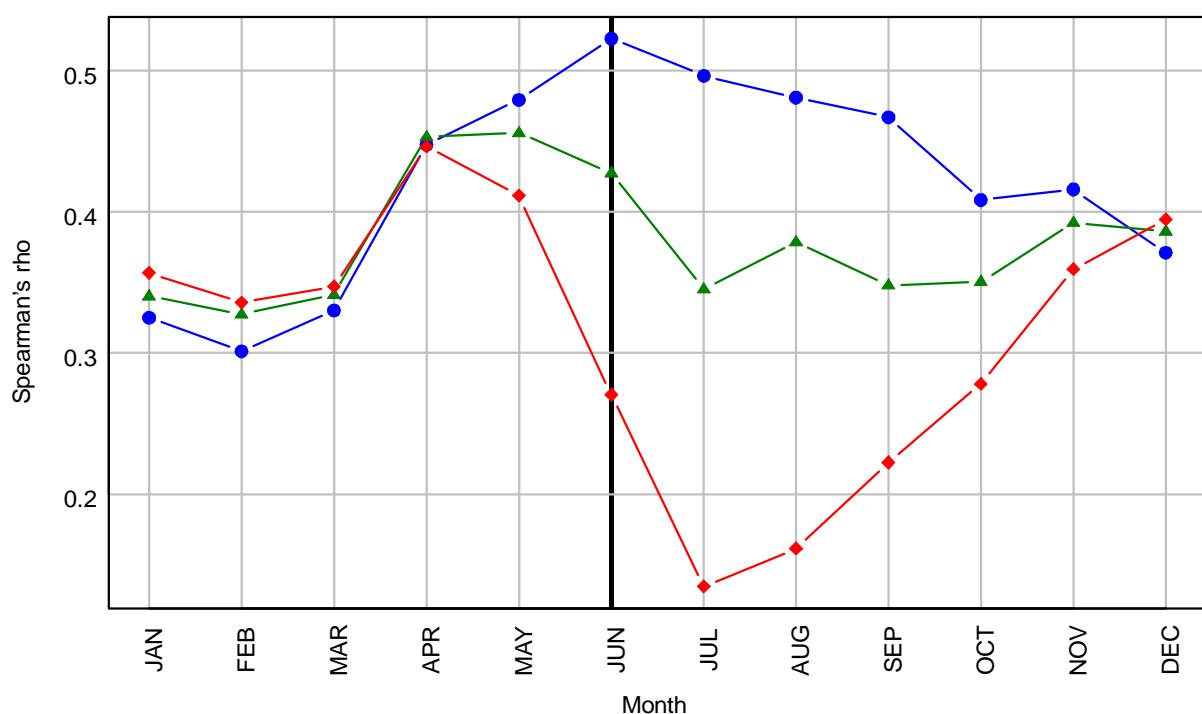
The relationships between the thermic vegetation indicator S and the measured soil T in the analysed European mountain regions are similar but not the same. S is indeed related to temperature in all regions but with different slopes, intercepts and strengths of correlation. There are, however, only two regions (UKCAI, NODOV) with regression slopes which are strongly different from the others (Supplementary Fig. 2). Only temperature loggers which did not fail in any June between 2001 and 2007 are included here ($n = 131$).



Supplementary Figure 2 | Correlation of the thermic vegetation indicator S with habitat temperature in particular mountain regions. **a**, All mountain regions pooled (redrawn from main text, for comparison to b). **b**, Particular mountain regions. Circles, values from the respective region. Grey points, pooled values of all regions. Lines, linear regressions. Spearman's correlation ρ and the one-sided p are shown (we test the null hypothesis of no positive correlation). Four of the 17 regions in the dataset are not included here because the number of valid data points was too low due to failure of temperature loggers. For abbreviations of regions' names see Supplementary Tab. 1.

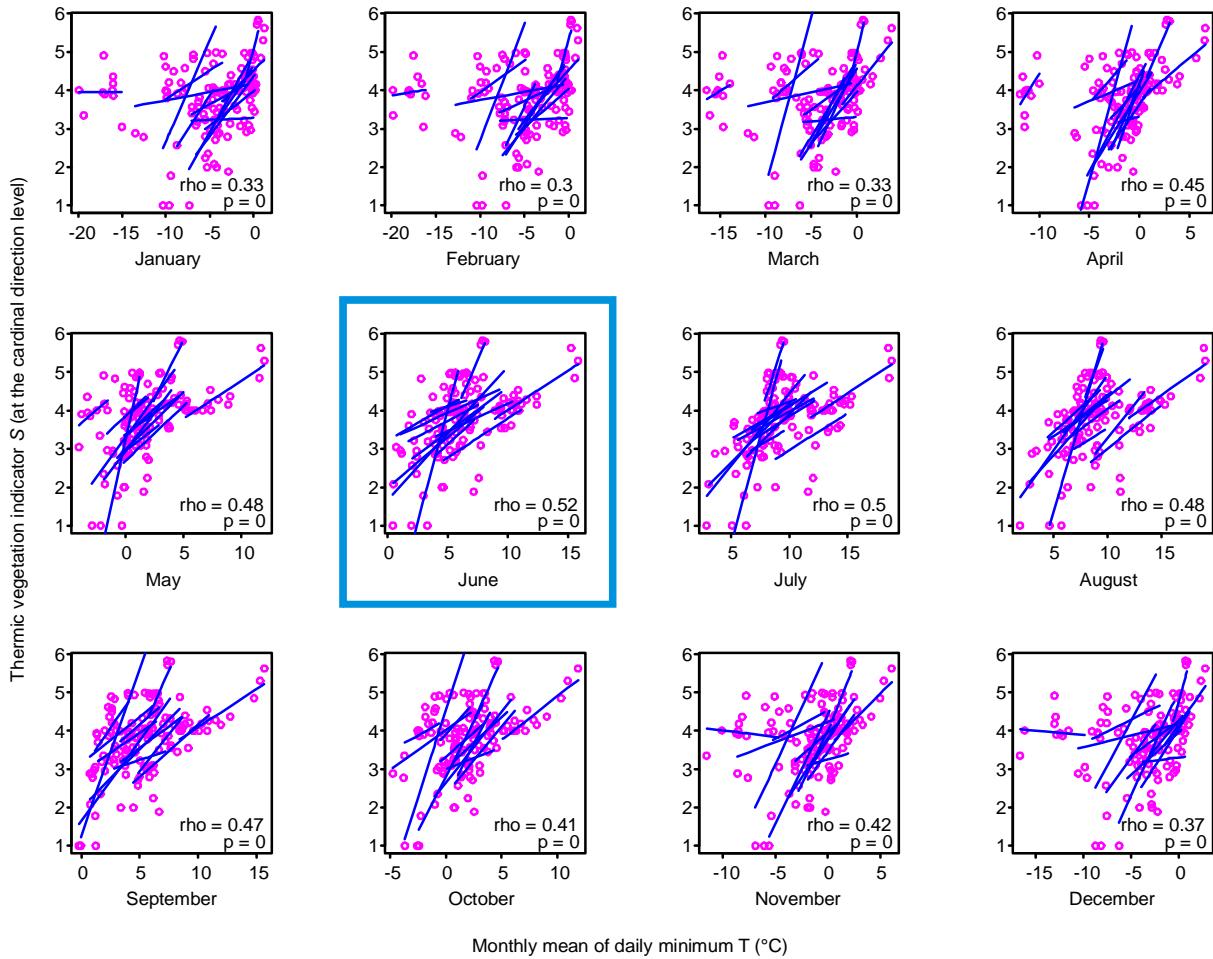
2B Why June minimum temperatures?

We tested, using our field vegetation and temperature data, the correlation of S_{2008} and temperature (T), averaged over 2001-2007, for each month of the year, and for mean of daily minimum (T_{\min}), maximum (T_{\max}), and mean temperature (T_{mean}) as well. The results are summarized in Supplementary Fig. 3. Using T_{\min} of June showed the best correlation. We interpret this as follows: i) It is the temperature in the first part of the growing period which is most decisive for plant growth⁴⁹, and see ref. 23 (p.221–226), in the main text. ii) Though temperature was measured in 10cm soil depth, these measurements still include some error due to insolation during daytime, whereas they are buffered against insolation effects at night. Note that the values for T_{\min} , T_{mean} and T_{\max} are quite similar from November to May. Under snow protection there is only little diurnal oscillation of T, therefore, daily maxima and minima are not much different.



Supplementary Figure 3 | Correlation of S_{2008} with temperature (mean 2001-2007) using different climate predictors. Temperatures were calculated as mean of each month by using daily minima (T_{\min} , blue circles), means (T_{mean} , green triangles), or maxima (T_{\max} , red diamonds).

Further, we inspected the patterns of the pooled data (compare Figure 1d in the main text and Supplementary Fig. 2a), using T_{\min} but calculated for each month of the year (Supplementary Fig. 4). In June the pattern is most consistent as compared to all other months. We are aware that it is certainly not exactly the time span of the calendar month June which is the crucial environmental factor in all the European mountain systems, from the Subarctic to the Mediterranean. Rather it is the temperature regime in the first part of the growing season; this period may differ somewhat from region to region. We derived from the T data measured in field, however, that June was the first month in almost all years where all studied plots were free of snow (data not shown). We conclude from the literature and from the evidence in our data as shown in Supplementary Figs. 3 and 4 that using June minimum temperatures is the best choice for a joint analysis throughout these mountain systems.



Supplementary Figure 4 | Correlation of S with T_{\min} for each month of the year. Circles, pooled data of plot-clusters from several mountain regions. Blue lines, linear regressions of S from particular mountain regions on temperature T_{\min} . Spearman's correlation ρ and the one-sided p is drawn (we test the null hypothesis of no positive correlation); $p < 0.001$ in all months. June T_{\min} shows the most consistent pattern.

SECTION 3 Models for D

3A Final model for D

We fit a hierarchical linear mixed effects model for the changes D in the thermic vegetation indicator S (see Eq. 1 and 2 in the main text). To set up the model, consider n mountain regions. Mountain region i consists of n_i summits, numbered $1 \leq j \leq n_i$. Usually $n_i = 4$. Any summit can be split into four cardinal directions $1 \leq k \leq 4$, and there are four recording plots $1 \leq l \leq 4$ for each cardinal direction. Together this leads to D_{ijkl} for the S difference of plot l within cardinal direction k which is on summit j within mountain region i .

Our model is

$$D_{ijkl} = \alpha + \beta_i + \gamma_{ij} + \delta_{ijk} + \varepsilon_{ijkl}. \quad (\text{Supplementary Eq. 1})$$

The most important quantity in our model is the coefficient α since it measures the overall average change in the plot S . The other terms are for the random effects and errors: Indeed, β_i indicates the

target region specific random deviation from the overall average α . Furthermore the coefficients γ_{ij} represent the summit specific fluctuations within the target regions, while δ_{ijk} are for the cardinal direction specific fluctuation. Finally ε_{ijkl} includes both random fluctuation and measurement error within a local aspect. The variances of the random effects and the error terms ε_{ijkl} are of interest, since the variance terms tell us how much fluctuation there is at the respective levels of hierarchy. We used the S-Plus procedure lme to estimate the model and obtained the following estimates: $\hat{\alpha} = 0.054$. The standard deviation of the β_i was estimated to be $\hat{\sigma}_\beta = 0.00092$. That of the γ_{ij} has been $\hat{\sigma}_\gamma = 0.0564$, and that of the δ_{ijk} has been $\hat{\sigma}_\delta = 0.1037$. The largest component of variance has been the residual standard deviation $\sigma_\varepsilon = 0.2045$.

3B Other effects on D

We now investigate whether the changes in S (measured by the differences D) depend on the altitude of the summit and the latitude of the target region. For this, we added fixed effects for the latitude and the altitude and estimated the following mixed model:

$$D_{ijkl} = \alpha + \beta_i + \gamma_{ij} + \delta_{ijk} + \eta \text{LAT}_i + \nu \text{ALT}_{ij} + \varepsilon_{ijkl}. \quad (\text{Supplementary Eq. 2})$$

Here η is the fixed effect of the latitude LAT_i of target region i and ν the fixed effect of the altitude ALT_{ij} of summit j within target region i . The other notation is as in Suppl. Eq. 1. It turns out that neither the latitude (p-value 0.827) nor the altitude (0.649) contributes significantly to the explanation of D . The picture remains the same, if the altitude in meters is replaced by dummy variables that indicate whether a summit is highest, second highest (and so on) within its target region. None of the three dummy variables needed to code the relative position of a summit led to a significant p-value (the p-values were 0.149, 0.26, 0.143 respectively.). Further, an ANOVA between the models with and without altitude and latitude led to no significant difference (at alpha = 0.05) in explanatory power. Finally, the model selection criteria AIC and BIC showed better values for the model without the additional variables.

SECTION 4 Observer errors in visual cover estimates

In this section, we investigate the influence of observer errors on our scores S . We want to point out that our score S will remain unchanged, if an observer over- or underestimates cover by the same relative amount for all recorded species. We call such a type of error a *systematic observer error*. Besides systematic observer errors, there are *random observer errors*, fluctuating from measurement to measurement. In Section 4A, we explore further the issue of systematic observer errors. There, we transform the cover estimates from a pilot study such that the estimation errors become close to normally distributed. Within this normal model, we provide a decomposition of the observer errors into a random and a systematic component, and it turns out that random observer errors dominate.

4A Systematic and random observer errors

For a more detailed analysis of the relative contributions of random and systematic observer errors to the measurements of species cover, we rely on a pilot study carried out in the two target regions ATHSW and SKCTA. In this investigation, 1x1 m plots have been parallel recorded independently by usually 14 different observers, and with the same recording method as for the study presented in the main text. The goal has been to split the observer errors into two components: a) *random observer error*; this is the error an observer makes, randomly, from one estimate to the next; b) and *systematic observer error*; this is the error component which is systematic, i.e., invariant within an observer but varies between observers, e.g., if a given observer notoriously over-, or under-estimates species cover.

For this purpose, we checked that the variation due to observer errors of the complementary log-log transformed cover $\log(-\log(\text{cover}))$ can be modelled by a normal distribution. Let

$$Y_{lmo} = \log(-\log(\text{cover}_{lmo})) \quad (\text{Supplementary Eq. 3})$$

denote the transformed cover estimate in plot l for species m by observer o . We set

$$Y_{lmo} = \mu_{lm} + \gamma_o + \varepsilon_{lmo}, \quad (\text{Supplementary Eq. 4})$$

where μ_{lm} denotes the true log–log cover for species m in plot l , γ_o denotes the systematic error for observer o , and ε_{lmo} denotes random independent identically distributed observer errors. We used a linear mixed model to estimate the variances of γ_o and ε_{lmo} and it turned out that the estimate s_o^2 for $\text{Var}(\varepsilon_{lmo})$ is much larger (96%) than that of $\text{Var}(\gamma_o)$ (4%). We thus decided to neglect systematic observer errors in our analyses as presented in the main text.

4B Observer error component in the residual variance at the plot-cluster level

We then focused on the Europe-wide analysis that we present here and used the information obtained from the pilot study to investigate how much of the residual variation at the plot-cluster (i.e., cardinal direction) level can be attributed to observer errors. Our results are therefore based on the assumption that the distribution of observer errors in the pilot study provides a good proxy for the subsequent investigation. In more detail, we simulated random observer errors for the complementary log-log covers of all species occurring within a plot according to a normal $N(0, s_o^2)$ distribution with s_o^2 being the random observer variance estimated from our pilot study. These errors were added to the actually observed covers and a new plot score $S_{ijkl}^{*(yr)}$ was computed using the randomly disturbed covers. Here (yr) denotes the observation year, i the target region, j the summit, k the plot-cluster, and l the plot within its cluster. The differences

$$u_{ijkl}^{(yr)} := S_{ijkl}^{*(yr)} - S_{ijkl}^{(yr)} \quad (\text{Supplementary Eq. 5})$$

provide the effect of the observer errors on the plot scores. We next remove the residual fluctuation at the plot-cluster level by computing the average plot scores over the four quadrats of each cluster

$$\bar{S}_{ijk}^{(yr)} = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{l=1}^4 S_{ijkl}^{(yr)}. \quad (\text{Supplementary Eq. 6})$$

Simulated plot scores that include only random observer errors but no further residual fluctuation, can then be obtained as

$$S_{ijkl}^{**(yr)} = \bar{S}_{ijk}^{(yr)} + u_{ijkl}^{(yr)}. \quad (\text{Supplementary Eq. 7})$$

We now estimate a mixed model for the change in the plot scores that is based on the simulated differences

$$D_{ijkl}^{**} = S_{ijkl}^{**(yr1)} - S_{ijkl}^{**(yr0)} \quad (\text{Supplementary Eq. 8})$$

and obtain the residual variance $(s_e^{**})^2$. We repeat this process over 1000 independent simulation runs and obtain the average residual variance

$$\overline{s_e^{**}}^2 := \frac{1}{1000} \sum_{j=1}^{1000} (s_e^{**})_j^2.$$

(Supplementary Eq. 9)

We then compare $\overline{s_e^{**}}^2$ which is obtained under a model where observer errors are the only source of residual fluctuation with the residual variance s_e^2 from the model based on the actually observed score differences

$$D_{ijkl} = S_{ijkl}^{(yr1)} - S_{ijkl}^{(yr0)}.$$

(Supplementary Eq. 10)

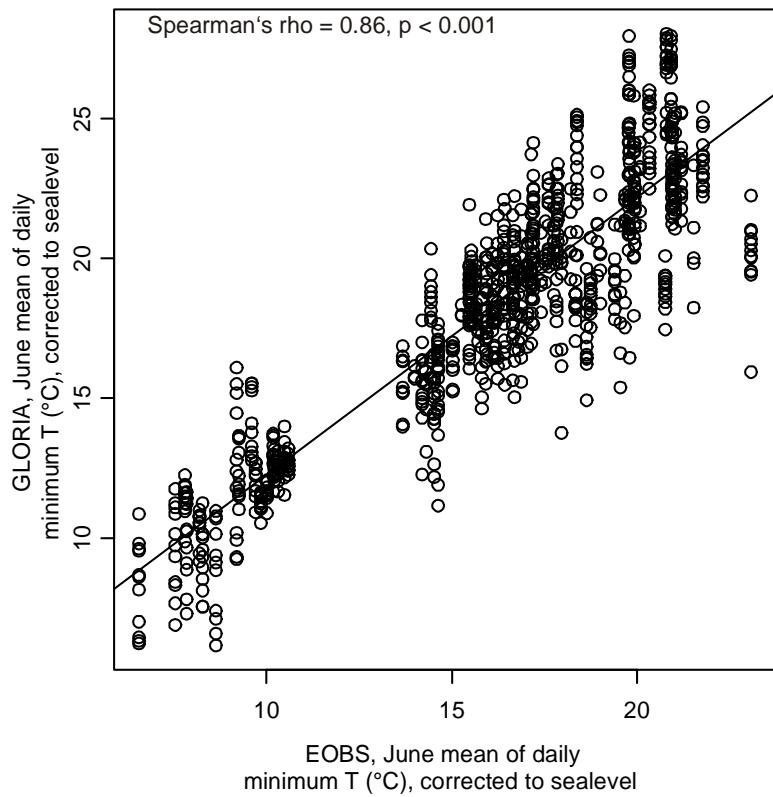
It turns out that the ratio $\overline{s_e^{**}}^2 / s_e^2 \approx 0.92$ suggesting that about 92% of the residual fluctuation can be attributed to random observer errors. This does not leave much space for sources of local environmental fluctuation. Notice however that both random observer errors and environmental fluctuation are dealt with appropriately by our linear mixed model. As discussed in Section 4A, the influence of systematic observer errors should be very small.

SECTION 5 European climate data set (E-OBS data)

E-OBS data were downloaded from <http://eca.knmi.nl/download/ensembles/ensembles.php>. This data set provides, among others, the climate elements T_{\min} , T_{mean} , T_{\max} on a daily basis from 1950 onwards and on a raster of 0.25x0.25 geographical degrees. For each mountain region, we defined the grid cell which covered the central point between its recorded summits. In almost all cases, all four summits were located within one cell. Daily information from these cells was used as follows: For each year between 1994 and 2007 we averaged the daily temperature of the three elements for each month. For the Ural Mountains (RUPUR and RUSUR), gaps existed in the E-OBS data in the considered period and, therefore, these two regions were not included in the calculations using E-OBS data (see Figure 3 in the main text).

5A Correlation of gridded E-OBS data with GLORIA temperature data measured in the field

First we investigated whether the E-OBS data can represent the local climate development at our recorded summits. For this purpose, we used all available temperature logger data recorded by our GLORIA field measurements for June between 2001 and 2007. If a time series for June of a certain year (due to logger failure) had a gap, this particular series has been excluded. For the remaining instances ($n = 936$), we computed the average daily minimum T in June, both from the GLORIA time series as well as from the E-OBS data. We calculated and tested the Spearman correlation of the GLORIA data and the respective E-OBS data (Supplementary Fig. 5). As both the GLORIA data (from different summits) and the E-OBS data (from different study regions) were measured at different altitudes, we corrected all temperatures to sealevel beforehand by assuming a lapse rate of -5.5 K / km^(ref. 50). This lapse rate is a global rule of thumb and the (unknown) regional lapse rates may deviate. Varying the lapse rate between -4.5 and -8.5 K / km had only marginal effects on the correlation, however. We found a significant correlation between the E-OBS data and our field measurements. This allowed us to adopt prior-2008, prior-2001 -differences in E-OBS temperatures (see Supplementary Section 5B) as surrogate for differences in temperatures at our observed habitats (see Figure 3 in the main text).



Supplementary Figure 5 | Correlation of gridded European E-OBS data and GLORIA field measurements of temperature T_{\min} . Temperatures were measured at different summit altitudes as well as E-OBS cell altitudes but are here corrected to sealevel assuming a lapse rate of -5.5K / km.

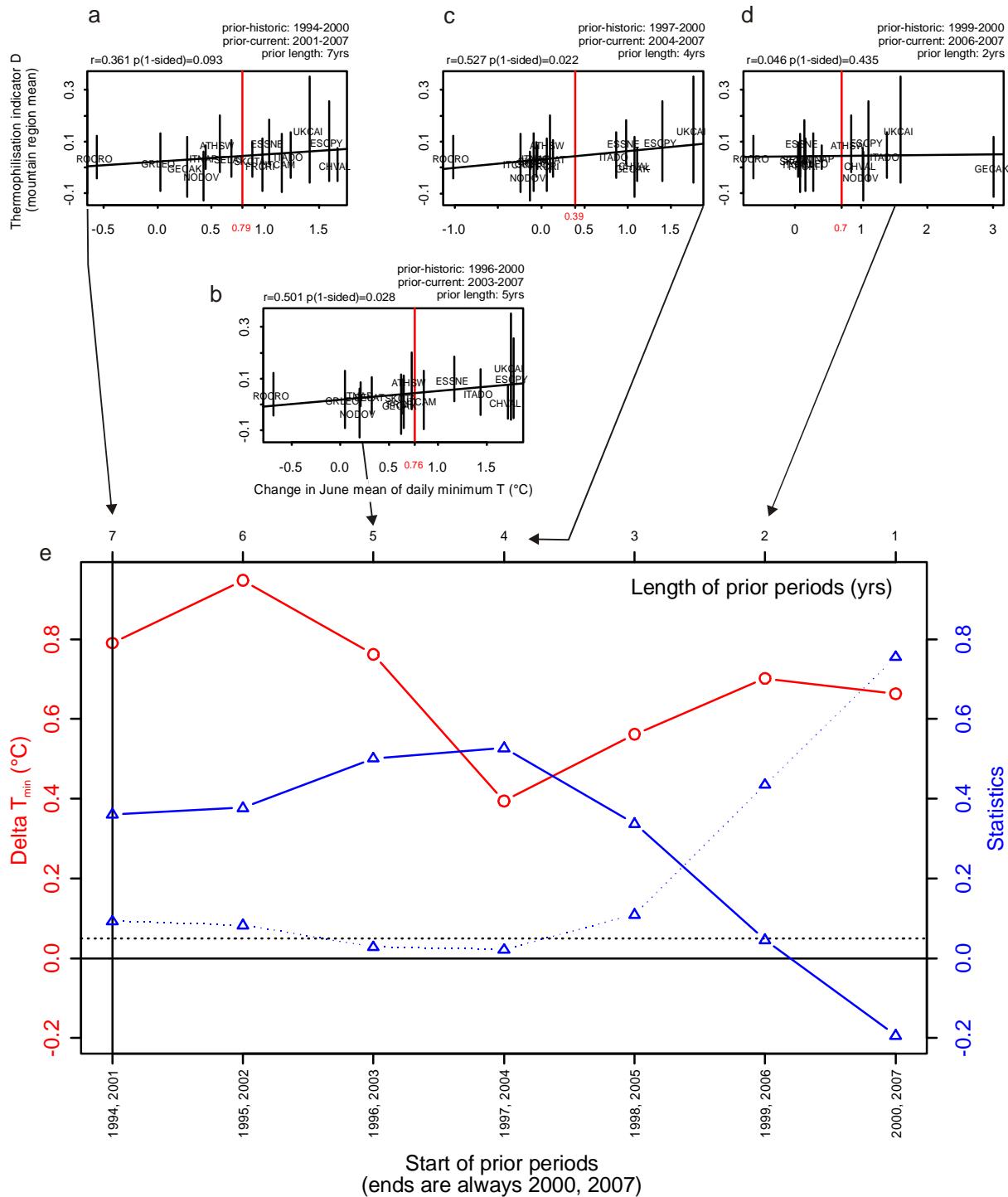
5B The prior-period concept

High mountain plants are long-lived. It is therefore unlikely that the climatic conditions short before a recording of plant properties (e.g., their presence and cover) can explain these properties sufficiently. We hypothesize that the climatic conditions of not only one year but of a number of years that preceded the year of plant data sampling influence the plants' status at the sampling time. We term this period as *prior-period* and distinguish a historic (*prior-2001*) from a current (*prior-2008*) period. We hypothesize further that this 'climatic memory' of plants is limited, however. Taking both these effects into account, there should exist a 'best' prior-periods' length representing a trade-off between both effects. Responses of plants to the preceding climatic development should be most visible when using this length of periods.

We tested the correlation between the thermophilisation indicator D on the level of mountain regions and temperature changes for increasing lengths of the prior-periods. We started with prior-periods of only one year, i.e., we correlated D with the temperature differences between June 2007 and June 2000 (the years preceding the two recording campaigns). We did not use June 2008 because in a few regions the re-recording started already in June 2008. Then we stepwise increased the length of the prior-periods, i.e., *prior-2008* was running from 2006 to 2007 and *prior-2001* from 1999 to 2000, and so on. The longest prior-periods were 2001 to 2007 (*prior-2008*) and 1994 to 2000 (*prior-2001*). This is a natural limit in our data since the first recording campaign took place in 2001.

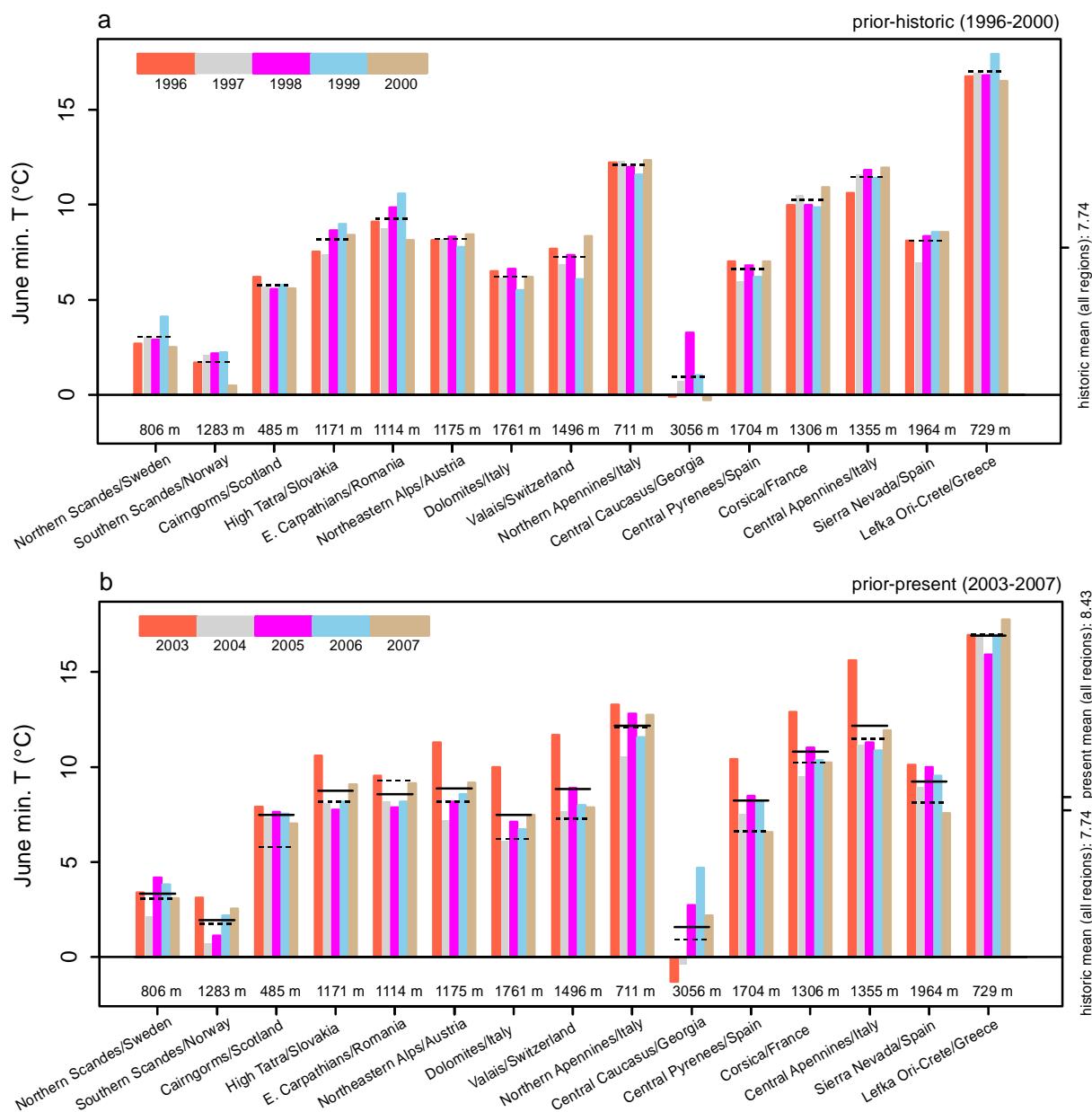
For each pair of prior-periods, we calculated and tested the Pearson's correlation between D and the temperature difference between *prior-2008* and *prior-2001* (Supplementary Fig. 6, and compare Figure 3b in the main text). As hypothesised, the amount of correlation peaked somewhere between the shortest and the longest compared prior-periods; it peaked at a prior-period length of four to five years;

moreover, the correlations were significant (at alpha=0.05) at only these two lengths of the prior-periods. We are aware that this is a data-driven best-estimate for a certain climatic period and other results may be obtained if such an analysis is repeated in the coming decades. As the year 2003 brought a remarkable heat wave in most of Europe, we decided to include this year in the prior-periods which were finally selected for the main analysis (see Figure 3 of the main text). The year 2003 (included in the 5-year prior-period) was, however, obviously not extraordinarily influential for D since the correlation for the 4-year prior-periods was almost equal (formally even slightly better).



Supplementary Figure 6 (on previous page) | **Comparison of different lengths of prior-periods according the correlation of D and temperature change.** **a-d**, Four selected prior-periods of different length. Data in **b** are the same as in Figure 3b of the main text. The average delta T_{\min} between prior-2008 (prior-current) and prior-2001 (prior-historic) is indicated as red line together with its value. Pearson's r and one-sided p (we test the null hypothesis of no positive correlation) is indicated. **e**, Comparison of all tested prior-period lengths (on abscissa). Left ordinate and red points, delta T_{\min} (averaged over all mountain regions) between prior-2008 and prior-2001 (starting years of these periods are indicated on the abscissa). Right ordinate: Blue points connected with solid lines, Pearson's r of the correlation of D with delta T_{\min} ; blue points connected with dotted lines, one-sided p of the correlation.

Supplementary Fig. 7 (on next page) provides the June T_{\min} for each mountain region in all years of the prior periods (excluding the Polar Urals and Southern Urals where no E-OBS data are available). It is important to note that the T values in each region refer to the reference altitude of the respective E-OBS grid cell in which a region is embedded. Therefore, temperatures cannot be directly compared between regions but only their delta T . It turns out that in the majority of mountain regions (8 of 15) four of the five years in the used prior-2008 period (2003-2007) were warmer than the average T in the prior-2001 period and that the year 2003 contributes much to this (Supplementary Fig. 7b). If we would, however, consider prior-periods of only four years (compare Supplementary Fig. 6d and e), in an even higher number of regions (9 of 15) three of the four years of the prior-2008 period were warmer than the average over the prior-2001 period in the respective mountain region. This again relativises the role of the 2003-heat wave.



Supplementary Figure 7 | T_{\min} in all mountain regions and all years of the prior-period. **a**, The historic, and **b**, the present prior-period. The differing reference altitudes of the relevant E-OBS cells are indicated at the ordinates. Horizontal lines, mountain regions' mean T_{\min} in the prior-historic (dashed) and the prior-present (solid) period. No data available for Polar Urals and Southern Urals.

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Appendix I | Species names and assigned altitudinal profiles and ranks. Distributions: ni, nival; al, alpine; tr, treeline; mo, montane; id, centre indifferent. Ranks: 1, nival; 2, alpine to nival; 3, alpine; 4, treeline to alpine; 5, treeline; 6, montane.

Species name	Lower margin	Centre	Upper margin	Altitudinal rank	Mountain region
<i>Acer sempervirens</i> L.	mo	mo	tl	6	GRLEO
<i>Achillea atrata</i> L. subsp. <i>atrata</i>	al	al	al	3	ATHSW
<i>Achillea clavennae</i> L.	tl	id	al	4	ITADO
<i>Achillea collina</i> Becker ex Rchb.	mo	mo	al	6	ITNAP
<i>Achillea erba-rottia</i> All. subsp. <i>moschata</i> (Wulfen) I.Richardson	al	al	al	3	CHVAL
<i>Achillea millefolium</i> L.	mo	mo	tl	6	ESCPY
<i>Achillea oxyloba</i> (DC.) Sch.Bip. subsp. <i>oxyloba</i>	al	al	al	3	ITADO
<i>Acinos alpinus</i> (L.) Moench subsp. <i>alpinus</i>	mo	id	al	5	ATHSW, ITNAP
<i>Acinos alpinus</i> (L.) Moench subsp. <i>meridionalis</i> (Nyman) P.W.Ball	mo	id	al	5	ESSNE
<i>Aethionema saxatile</i> (L.) R.Br. subsp. <i>creticum</i> (Boiss. & Heldr.) I.A.Andersson et al.	mo	id	al	5	GRLEO
<i>Aethionema saxatile</i> (L.) R.Br. subsp. <i>ovalifolium</i> (DC.) Nyman	mo	tl	al	5	ESSNE
<i>Agrostis alpina</i> Scop.	tl	al	al	3	ATHSW, CHVAL, ITADO
<i>Agrostis capillaris</i> L.	mo	mo	tl	6	ATHSW, ESCPY, GECAK
<i>Agrostis mertensii</i> Trin.	tl	al	al	3	SELAT
<i>Agrostis planifolia</i> C. Koch	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Agrostis rupestris</i> All.	tl	al	al	3	ATHSW, CHVAL, ESCPY, FRCRI, ITNAP, ROCRO
<i>Agrostis rupestris</i> All. subsp. <i>pyrenaica</i> (Pourr.) Dost.	al	al	ni	2	SKCTA
<i>Agrostis vinealis</i> Schreb.	mo	mo	al	6	ITNAP
<i>Ajuga pyramidalis</i> L.	mo	tl	tl	5	CHVAL
<i>Alchemilla alpina</i> L.	mo	tl	al	5	ESCPY, ITNAP
<i>Alchemilla anisiaca</i> Wettst.	mo	tl	al	5	ATHSW
<i>Alchemilla caucasica</i> Bus.	al	al	ni	2	GECAK
<i>Alchemilla chlorosericea</i> (Bus.) Juz.	ni	ni	ni	1	GECAK
<i>Alchemilla cinerea</i> Buser	tl	al	al	3	ITNAP
<i>Alchemilla flabellata</i> Buser	mo	tl	al	5	ITNAP
<i>Alchemilla lapeyrouseii</i> Buser	mo	al	al	4	ESCPY
<i>Alchemilla retinervis</i> Bus.	tl	al	al	3	GECAK
<i>Alchemilla rigida</i> Buser	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Alchemilla saxatilis</i> Buser	tl	id	al	4	ITNAP
<i>Alchemilla sericata</i> Rchb. ex Buser	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Alchemilla tephroserica</i> (Bus.) Juz.	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Alchemilla vulgaris</i> agg.	mo	id	al	5	ATHSW
<i>Alopecurus alpinus</i> Sm. subsp. <i>glaucus</i> (Less.) Hultén	mo	tl	al	5	RUSUR
<i>Alyssum cuneifolium</i> Ten. subsp. <i>cuneifolium</i>	tl	al	al	3	ITCAM
<i>Alyssum fragillimum</i> (Bald.) Rech.f.	tl	id	al	4	GRLEO
<i>Alyssum purpureum</i> Lag. & Rodr.	al	ni	ni	1	ESSNE
<i>Alyssum sphacioticum</i> Boiss. & Heldr.	tl	id	al	4	GRLEO
<i>Alyssum spinosum</i> L.	mo	al	ni	4	ESSNE
<i>Androsace chamaejasme</i> Wulfen	tl	al	al	3	ATHSW, RUPUR
<i>Androsace lactea</i> L.	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW
<i>Androsace obtusifolia</i> All.	tl	al	al	3	ATHSW, CHVAL
<i>Androsace pubescens</i> DC.	tl	al	al	3	CHVAL
<i>Androsace villosa</i> L.	tl	id	al	4	ESCPY, GECAK
<i>Androsace villosa</i> L. subsp. <i>villosa</i>	tl	id	al	4	ITCAM
<i>Andryala agardhii</i> Haens. ex DC.	mo	tl	al	5	ESSNE
<i>Anemonastrum fasciculatum</i> (L.) Holub	tl	id	al	4	GECAK
<i>Anemone baldensis</i> L.	al	al	al	3	ITADO

Anemone narcissifolia L. subsp. biarmiensis (Juz.) Jalas	mo	tl	al	5	RUSUR
Anemone narcissifolia L. subsp. narcissifolia	tl	tl	al	5	ATHSW
Anemone nemorosa L.	mo	mo	tl	6	ITNAP
Antennaria alpina (L.) Gaertn.	tl	al	ni	3	SELAT
Antennaria carpatica (Wahlenb.) Bluff & Fingerh.	tl	al	al	3	ITADO
Antennaria caucasica Boriss.	tl	al	al	3	GECAK
Antennaria dioica (L.) Gaertn.	mo	tl	al	5	CHVAL, ESCPY, ITNAP, NODOV, SELAT
Anthemis iberica Bieb.	tl	tl	tl	5	GECAK
Anthoxanthum odoratum L.	mo	tl	tl	5	GECAK
Anthoxanthum odoratum L. subsp. alpinum (Å. & D. Löve) Jones & Melderis	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, CHVAL, GECAK, ITADO, ITNAP, NODOV, SELAT, SKCTA
Anthyllis variegata Boiss. ex Grossh.	tl	id	al	4	GECAK
Anthyllis vulneraria L.	mo	id	al	5	ITNAP
Anthyllis vulneraria L. subsp. atlantis Emb. & Maire	tl	al	al	3	ESSNE
Anthyllis vulneraria subsp. L. alpestris (Hegetschw.) Asch. & Graebn.	mo	id	al	5	ATHSW, ESCPY, ITADO
Anthyllis vulneraria subsp. pulchella (Vis.) Bornm.	tl	tl	al	5	ITCAM
Aquilegia alpina L.	tl	id	al	4	ITNAP
Arabis alpina L. subsp. alpina	mo	al	al	4	ATHSW, GRLEO, ITADO
Arabis caerulea (All.) Haenke	al	al	ni	2	ITADO
Arabis cretica Boiss. & Heldr.	mo	tl	al	5	GRLEO
Arabis pumila Jacq.	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, ITADO
Arabis pumila Jacq. subsp. stellulata (Bertol.) Nyman	tl	id	al	4	ITADO
Arctagrostis latifolia (R.Br.) Griseb.	tl	al	al	3	RUPUR
Arctostaphylos alpinus (L.) Spreng.	mo	al	al	4	ATHSW, ITADO, NODOV, RUPUR, RUSUR, SELAT
Arctostaphylos uva-ursi (L.) Spreng.	mo	id	al	5	NODOV, UKCAI
Arenaria armerina Bory	mo	al	ni	4	ESSNE
Arenaria ciliata L. subsp. ciliata	al	al	ni	2	ATHSW, ITADO
Arenaria ciliata L. subsp. moehringioides (Murr) Braun-Blanq.	al	al	al	3	ESCPY
Arenaria cretica Spreng.	tl	id	al	4	GRLEO
Arenaria grandiflora L.	tl	id	al	4	ESCPY
Arenaria grandiflora L. subsp. grandiflora	tl	id	al	4	ITCAM
Arenaria moehringioides Murr	al	al	al	3	ITNAP
Arenaria pungens Clemente ex Lag.	tl	al	al	3	ESSNE
Arenaria purpurascens Ramond ex DC.	mo	al	ni	4	ESCPY
Arenaria tetraquetra L. subsp. amabilis (Bory) H.Lindb.	tl	al	ni	3	ESSNE
Armeria canescens (Host) Boiss. subsp. canescens	tl	tl	al	5	ITCAM
Armeria marginata (Levier) Bianchini	tl	id	al	4	ITNAP
Armeria maritima (Mill.) Willd. subsp. alpina (Willd.) P.Silva	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW
Arnica montana L. subsp. montana	mo	tl	al	5	CHVAL
Artemisia genipi Weber	al	al	ni	2	ITADO
Asperula aristata L.f. subsp. scabra (J.Presl & C.Presl) Nyman	mo	mo	al	6	ESSNE
Asperula aristata subsp. oreophila (Briq.) Hayek	mo	al	al	4	ITNAP
Asperula idaea Halácsy	mo	tl	al	5	GRLEO
Aster alpinus L.	mo	al	al	4	ESCPY, ITCAM
Aster bellidiastrum (L.) Scop.	mo	tl	al	5	ATHSW, ITADO, ITNAP
Astragalus alpinus L. subsp. alpinus	tl	id	al	4	NODOV
Astragalus alpinus L. subsp. arcticus Lindm.	mo	al	al	4	SELAT
Astragalus angustifolius Lam. subsp. angustifolius	tl	id	al	4	GRLEO
Astragalus frigidus (L.) A.Gray subsp. frigidus	mo	tl	al	5	NODOV
Athamanta cretensis L.	mo	tl	al	5	ITADO

<i>Aubrieta deltoidea</i> (L.) DC.	mo	id	al	5	GRLEO
<i>Avenula cycladum</i> (Rech.f. & J.Scheff.) Greuter	mo	mo	tl	6	GRLEO
<i>Avenula versicolor</i> (Vill.) M.Laínz	tl	id	al	4	CHVAL, ITADO, ROCRO
<i>Avenula versicolor</i> (Vill.) M.Laínz subsp. <i>versicolor</i>	tl	id	al	4	SKCTA
<i>Avenula versicolor</i> subsp. <i>pretutiana</i> (Parl. ex Arcang.) Holub	tl	id	al	4	ITCAM, ITNAP
<i>Bartsia alpina</i> L.	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, ITADO, NODOV, SELAT
<i>Bellardiochloa violacea</i> (Bellardi) Chiov.	tl	al	al	3	ITNAP
<i>Bellium bellidioides</i> L.	mo	mo	tl	6	FRCRI
<i>Berberis cretica</i> L.	mo	id	al	5	GRLEO
<i>Betonica macrantha</i> K. Koch	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Betula humilis</i> Schrank	tl	tl	al	5	RUSUR
<i>Betula litwinowii</i> Doluch.	tl	tl	tl	5	GECAK
<i>Betula nana</i> L.	mo	tl	al	5	NODOV, RUPUR, SELAT
<i>Betula nana</i> L. x <i>pubescens</i> Ehrh. subsp. <i>tortuosa</i> (Ledeb.) Nyman	mo	tl	tl	5	NODOV
<i>Betula pubescens</i> Ehrh. subsp. <i>tortuosa</i> (Ledeb.) Nyman	mo	mo	tl	6	RUPUR, RUSUR, SELAT
<i>Biscutella glacialis</i> (Boiss. & Reut.) Jord.	mo	al	al	4	ESSNE
<i>Biscutella laevigata</i> L. subsp. <i>laevigata</i>	mo	id	al	5	ITADO
<i>Borderea pyrenaica</i> Miégeville	mo	tl	al	5	ESCPY
<i>Botrychium lunaria</i> (L.) Sw.	mo	id	al	5	ATHSW, ESCPY, ITADO, ITNAP
<i>Brachypodium genuense</i> (DC.) Roemer & Schultes	tl	id	al	4	ITNAP
<i>Bromopsis variegata</i> (Bieb.) Holub	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Bromus tectorum</i> L.	mo	mo	tl	6	GRLEO
<i>Bufonia stricta</i> (Sm.) Gürke in K.Richter subsp. <i>stricta</i>	mo	tl	al	5	GRLEO
<i>Bupleurum ranunculoides</i> L.	tl	id	al	4	ESCPY
<i>Bupleurum ranunculoides</i> L. subsp. <i>ranunculoides</i>	tl	id	al	4	ITNAP
<i>Bupleurum trichopodum</i> Boiss. & Spruner	mo	mo	tl	6	GRLEO
<i>Calamagrostis lapponica</i> (Wahlenb.) Hartm.	mo	al	al	4	SELAT
<i>Calamagrostis purpurea</i> (Trin.) Trin. subsp. <i>langsdorfii</i> (Link) Tzvelev	mo	mo	tl	6	RUPUR, RUSUR
<i>Calamagrostis varia</i> (Schrad.) Host	mo	id	tl	6	ITADO
<i>Calluna vulgaris</i> (L.) Hull	mo	mo	al	6	ESCPY, ITNAP, UKCAI
<i>Campanula alpina</i> Jacq. subsp. <i>alpina</i>	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, ROCRO, SKCTA
<i>Campanula barbata</i> L.	tl	tl	al	5	CHVAL, ITADO
<i>Campanula bellidifolia</i> Adam	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Campanula biebersteiniana</i> Schult.	tl	al	ni	3	GECAK
<i>Campanula cochlearifolia</i> Lam.	mo	id	al	5	ATHSW
<i>Campanula collina</i> M. Bieb.	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Campanula hohenackeri</i> Fisch. & Mey.	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Campanula pulla</i> L.	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW
<i>Campanula rotundifolia</i> L.	mo	mo	al	6	NODOV, RUPUR, RUSUR, SELAT
<i>Campanula scheuchzeri</i> Vill.	mo	al	al	4	ATHSW, CHVAL, ESCPY, ITADO, ITNAP
<i>Campanula uniflora</i> L.	al	al	al	3	SELAT
<i>Campanula willkommii</i> Witasek	tl	al	al	3	ESSNE
<i>Cardamine bellidifolia</i> L. subsp. <i>bellidifolia</i>	al	al	ni	2	SELAT
<i>Cardamine resedifolia</i> L.	al	al	ni	2	CHVAL
<i>Carduus carlinifolius</i> Lam.	mo	tl	al	5	ITNAP
<i>Carduus carlinoides</i> Gouan subsp. <i>carlinoides</i>	mo	al	al	4	ESCPY
<i>Carduus carlinoides</i> Gouan subsp. <i>hispanicus</i> (Kazmi) Franco	tl	al	al	3	ESSNE
<i>Carduus defloratus</i> L.	mo	id	al	5	ITADO
<i>Carduus defloratus</i> L. subsp. <i>defloratus</i>	mo	id	al	5	ATHSW

<i>Carex atrata</i> L. subsp. <i>atrata</i>	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, ITADO, SELAT
<i>Carex bigelowii</i> Torr. ex Schwein.	al	al	ni	2	SELAT, UKCAI
<i>Carex bigelowii</i> Torr. ex Schwein. subsp. <i>arctisibirica</i> (Jurtzev) Å.Löve & D.Löve	tl	al	al	3	RUPUR
<i>Carex bigelowii</i> Torr. ex Schwein. subsp. <i>ensifolia</i> (Turcz. ex Gorodkov) Holub	tl	al	al	3	RUSUR
<i>Carex bigelowii</i> Torr. ex Schwein. subsp. <i>rigida</i> W.Schultze-Motel	al	al	ni	2	NODOV
<i>Carex capillaris</i> L.	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, ITADO, SELAT
<i>Carex curvula</i> All. subsp. <i>curvula</i>	al	al	al	3	CHVAL, ROCRO
<i>Carex digitata</i> L.	mo	mo	mo	6	CHVAL
<i>Carex ericetorum</i> Pollich	mo	id	al	5	ESCPY
<i>Carex firma</i> Host	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, ITADO
<i>Carex fuliginosa</i> Schkuhr	tl	al	al	3	ATHSW
<i>Carex humilis</i> Leyss.	mo	mo	al	6	ITCAM
<i>Carex kitaibeliana</i> Degen ex Bech.	mo	id	al	5	ITCAM
<i>Carex medwedewii</i> Leskov	al	al	ni	2	GECAK
<i>Carex meinshauseniana</i> V. Krecz.	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Carex montana</i> L. subsp. <i>montana</i>	mo	id	tl	6	ITADO
<i>Carex ornithopoda</i> Willd. subsp. <i>ornithopoda</i>	mo	id	tl	6	CHVAL, ESCPY, ITADO
<i>Carex ornithopoda</i> Willd. subsp. <i>ornithopodioides</i> (Hausm.) Nyman	tl	id	al	4	ITADO
<i>Carex parviflora</i> Host	tl	al	al	3	ATHSW, CHVAL, ITADO
<i>Carex rupestris</i> All.	tl	al	al	3	ESCPY, ITADO, RUPUR, RUSUR, SELAT
<i>Carex sempervirens</i> Vill.	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, CHVAL, ITADO, ITNAP, SKCTA
<i>Carex tristis</i> Bieb.	al	al	ni	2	GECAK
<i>Carex vaginata</i> Tausch	mo	tl	al	5	SELAT
<i>Carex vaginata</i> Tausch subsp. <i>quasivaginata</i> (C.B.Clarke) Malyshev	tl	tl	al	5	RUSUR
<i>Carlinea acaulis</i> L.	mo	id	tl	6	ITADO, ITNAP
<i>Carum alpinum</i> (Bieb.) Benth. & Hook fil.	tl	al	ni	3	GECAK
<i>Carum carvi</i> L.	mo	mo	tl	6	ESCPY, GECAK
<i>Carum caucasicum</i> (Bieb.) Boiss.	tl	al	ni	3	GECAK
<i>Cassiope hypnoides</i> (L.) D.Don	al	al	ni	2	SELAT
<i>Cassiope tetragona</i> (L.) D.Don	mo	al	al	4	SELAT
<i>Centaurea cheiranthifolia</i> Willd.	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Centaurea idaea</i> Boiss. & Heldr.	mo	id	al	5	GRLEO
<i>Centaurea raphanina</i> Sibth. & Sm. subsp. <i>raphanina</i>	mo	id	al	5	GRLEO
<i>Centaurea uniflora</i> Turra subsp. <i>nervosa</i> (Willd.) Bonnier & Layens	tl	al	al	3	ITNAP
<i>Cephalaria gigantea</i> (Lebed.) Bobrov	tl	tl	tl	5	GECAK
<i>Cerastium arvense</i> L.	tl	tl	al	5	ESCPY, GECAK
<i>Cerastium arvense</i> L. subsp. <i>strictum</i> Gaudin	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW
<i>Cerastium arvense</i> L. subsp. <i>suffruticosum</i> (L.) Hegi	mo	tl	al	5	ITNAP
<i>Cerastium cerastoides</i> (L.) Britton	tl	al	al	3	GECAK
<i>Cerastium fontanum</i> Baumg. subsp. <i>fontanum</i>	tl	id	al	4	ITADO
<i>Cerastium glabratum</i> Hartm.	mo	al	al	4	SELAT
<i>Cerastium gorodkovianum</i> Schischk.	al	al	al	3	RUSUR
<i>Cerastium holeostoides</i> Fries subsp. <i>triviale</i> (Link) Möschl	mo	mo	al	6	ITNAP
<i>Cerastium krylovii</i> Schischk. et Gorczak.	tl	al	al	3	RUSUR
<i>Cerastium multiflorum</i> C.A. Mey.	al	al	ni	2	GECAK
<i>Cerastium purpurascens</i> Adam	tl	al	ni	3	GECAK
<i>Cerastium ramosissimum</i> Boiss.	mo	al	ni	4	ESSNE
<i>Cerastium semidecandrum</i> L.	mo	id	tl	6	GRLEO

<i>Cerastium soleirolii</i> Ser. ex Duby	mo	tl	al	5	FRCRI
<i>Cerastium thomasii</i> Ten.	tl	al	al	3	ITCAM
<i>Cerastium tomentosum</i> L.	mo	tl	al	5	ITCAM
<i>Cerastium uniflorum</i> Clairv.	al	ni	ni	1	ITADO
<i>Chaenorhinum glareosum</i> (Boiss.) Willk.	al	al	ni	2	ESSNE
<i>Chaerophyllum aureum</i> L.	mo	mo	mo	6	GECAK
<i>Chamorchis alpina</i> (L.) Rich.	tl	id	al	4	ITADO
<i>Cicer incisum</i> (Willd.) K.Maly	tl	id	al	4	GRLEO
<i>Cicerbita racemosa</i> (Willd.) Beauverd	tl	id	al	4	GECAK
<i>Cirsium acaule</i> Scop. subsp. <i>acaule</i>	mo	mo	tl	6	ESCPY
<i>Cirsium obvallatum</i> (M. Bieb.) Fisch.	tl	id	al	4	GECAK
<i>Clematis alpina</i> (L.) Mill. subsp. <i>alpina</i>	mo	tl	tl	5	ITADO
<i>Coeloglossum viride</i> (L.) Hartm.	mo	tl	al	5	GECAK, ITADO, ITNAP
<i>Conioselinum tataricum</i> Hoffm.	mo	id	al	5	RUSUR
<i>Crepis aurea</i> (L.) Cass. subsp. <i>aurea</i>	mo	tl	al	5	ATHSW
<i>Crepis aurea</i> (L.) Cass. subsp. <i>glabrescens</i> (Caruel) Arcang.	tl	id	al	4	ITNAP
<i>Crepis chrysanthia</i> (Ledeb.) Turcz.	al	al	al	3	RUSUR
<i>Crepis jacquinii</i> Tausch subsp. <i>kernerii</i> (Rech.f.) Merxm.	tl	id	al	4	ITADO
<i>Crepis oporinoides</i> Boiss. ex Froel.	al	al	al	3	ESSNE
<i>Crepis pygmaea</i> L. subsp. <i>pygmaea</i>	mo	al	ni	4	ESCPY
<i>Crepis sibthorpiana</i> Boiss. & Heldr.	mo	al	al	4	GRLEO
<i>Crepis terglouensis</i> (Hacq.) A.Kern.	al	al	al	3	ATHSW
<i>Crocus nudiflorus</i> Sm.	mo	id	tl	6	ESCPY
<i>Crocus vernus</i> (L.) Hill subsp. <i>albiflorus</i> (Kit.) Asch. & Graebn.	mo	id	al	5	ITADO
<i>Crocus vernus</i> (L.) Hill subsp. <i>vernus</i>	mo	mo	al	6	ITNAP
<i>Cruciata glabra</i> (L.) Ehrend.	mo	mo	al	6	GECAK
<i>Cuscuta atrans</i> Feinbrun	tl	tl	al	5	GRLEO
<i>Cuscuta epithymum</i> (L.) L. subsp. <i>epithymum</i>	mo	mo	al	6	ITNAP
<i>Cynoglossum officinale</i> L.	tl	tl	tl	5	GECAK
<i>Dactylis glomerata</i> L. subsp. <i>juncinella</i> (Bory) Stebbins & Zohary	tl	al	ni	3	ESSNE
<i>Dactylis glomerata</i> L. subsp. <i>rigida</i> (Boiss and Heldr.) Hayek	tl	id	al	4	GRLEO
<i>Danthonia decumbens</i> (L.) DC.	mo	mo	al	6	ITNAP
<i>Daphne mezereum</i> L.	mo	mo	al	6	GECAK
<i>Daphne striata</i> Tratt.	tl	id	al	4	ITADO
<i>Deschampsia flexuosa</i> (L.) Trin.	mo	tl	al	5	ATHSW, CHVAL, GECAK, ITADO, ITNAP, NODOV, ROCRO, SELAT, SKCTA, UKCAI
<i>Deschampsia flexuosa</i> (L.) Trin. subsp. <i>iberica</i> Rivas Martínez	tl	id	al	4	ESSNE
<i>Dianthus alpinus</i> L.	tl	al	al	3	ATHSW
<i>Dianthus beneearvensis</i> Loret	mo	mo	tl	6	ESCPY
<i>Dianthus monspessulanus</i> L. subsp. <i>monspessulanus</i>	mo	mo	al	6	ITNAP
<i>Dianthus subacaulis</i> Vill. subsp. <i>brachyanthus</i> (Boiss.) P.Fourn.	mo	al	ni	4	ESSNE
<i>Diapensia lapponica</i> L.	al	al	ni	2	NODOV, SELAT
<i>Diphasiastrum alpinum</i> (L.) Holub	mo	al	al	4	CHVAL, SELAT
<i>Doronicum clusii</i> (All.) Tausch	tl	al	ni	3	SKCTA
<i>Doronicum glaciale</i> (Wulfen) Nyman	tl	al	al	3	ATHSW
<i>Draba aizoides</i> L.	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, ITADO
<i>Draba aizoides</i> L. subsp. <i>aizoides</i>	tl	id	al	4	ITCAM
<i>Draba alpina</i> L.	al	al	al	3	RUPUR
<i>Draba cretica</i> Boiss. & Heldr.	mo	al	al	4	GRLEO
<i>Draba dolomitica</i> Buttler	al	al	al	3	ITADO
<i>Draba dubia</i> Suter	al	al	ni	2	CHVAL, ITADO

<i>Draba fladnizensis</i> Wulfen	al	al	ni	2	ITADO
<i>Draba hispanica</i> Boiss. subsp. <i>laderoi</i> Rivas Martínez, M.E. García & Penas	tl	al	ni	3	ESSNE
<i>Draba hispida</i> Willd.	tl	tl	ni	5	GECAK
<i>Draba hoppeana</i> Rehb.	al	al	al	3	ITADO
<i>Draba sauteri</i> Hoppe	al	al	al	3	ATHSW
<i>Draba stellata</i> Jacq.	al	al	al	3	ATHSW
<i>Draba supranivalis</i> Rupr.	al	ni	ni	1	GECAK
<i>Draba tomentosa</i> Clairv.	al	al	ni	2	ITADO
<i>Dryas caucasica</i> Juz.	al	al	al	3	GECAK
<i>Dryas octopetala</i> L.	al	al	al	3	ATHSW, ITADO, RUPUR, SELAT
<i>Dryopteris fragrans</i> (L.) Schott	mo	id	tl	6	RUPUR
<i>Edraianthus graminifolius</i> (L.) A.DC. subsp. <i>graminifolius</i>	tl	tl	al	5	ITCAM
<i>Empetrum caucasicum</i> Juz.	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Empetrum nigrum</i> L. subsp. <i>hermaphroditum</i> (Hagerup) Böcher	tl	tl	al	5	ATHSW, CHVAL, NODOV, RUPUR, RUSUR, SELAT, SKCTA, UKCAI
<i>Epilobium angustifolium</i> L.	mo	mo	tl	6	RUSUR
<i>Equisetum pratense</i> Ehrh.	mo	mo	al	6	SELAT
<i>Equisetum variegatum</i> Schleich.	mo	mo	al	6	SELAT
<i>Erica herbacea</i> L.	mo	id	tl	6	ITADO
<i>Erigeron epiroticus</i> (Vierh.) Halász	tl	tl	al	5	ITCAM
<i>Erigeron frigidus</i> Boiss. ex DC.	al	ni	ni	1	ESSNE
<i>Erigeron major</i> (Boiss.) Vierh.	tl	al	ni	3	ESSNE
<i>Erigeron neglectus</i> A.Kern.	tl	al	al	3	ITADO
<i>Erigeron orientalis</i> Boiss.	mo	id	al	5	GECAK
<i>Erigeron uniflorus</i> L.	al	al	ni	2	ATHSW, CHVAL, ESCPY, ITADO, SELAT
<i>Erinus alpinus</i> L.	mo	al	al	4	ESCPY
<i>Erodium cheilanthifolium</i> Boiss.	mo	al	al	4	ESSNE
<i>Erophila verna</i> (L.) Chevall.	mo	mo	tl	6	ESSNE
<i>Eryngium glaciale</i> Boiss.	al	al	al	3	ESSNE
<i>Erysimum mutabile</i> Boiss. & Heldr.	mo	tl	al	5	GRLEO
<i>Erysimum nevadense</i> Reut. subsp. <i>nevadense</i>	mo	tl	al	5	ESSNE
<i>Euphorbia acanthothamnos</i> Heldr. & Sart. ex Boiss.	mo	id	al	5	GRLEO
<i>Euphorbia hennariifolia</i> Willd.	tl	id	al	4	GRLEO
<i>Euphorbia nevadensis</i> Boiss. & Reut.	mo	al	ni	4	ESSNE
<i>Euphrasia alpina</i> Lam.	tl	al	al	3	ITNAP
<i>Euphrasia frigida</i> Pugsley	mo	id	al	5	SELAT
<i>Euphrasia hirtella</i> Jord. ex Reut.	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Euphrasia minima</i> Jacq. ex DC.	tl	id	al	4	GECAK
<i>Euphrasia minima</i> Jacq. ex DC. subsp. <i>minima</i>	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, CHVAL, ITADO, ITCAM, ITNAP
<i>Euphrasia nemorosa</i> (Pers.) Wallr.	mo	id	tl	6	RUSUR
<i>Euphrasia picta</i> Wimm.	mo	tl	al	5	ATHSW
<i>Euphrasia salisburgensis</i> Funck	mo	tl	al	5	ATHSW, ESCPY, ITADO, SELAT
<i>Festuca airoides</i> Lam.	tl	id	al	4	GECAK, ROCRO, SKCTA
<i>Festuca alpina</i> Suter	al	al	al	3	ITADO
<i>Festuca billyi</i> Kerguélen & Plonka	tl	al	al	3	ITNAP
<i>Festuca circummediterranea</i> Patzke	mo	id	al	5	GRLEO
<i>Festuca clementei</i> Boiss.	al	ni	ni	1	ESSNE
<i>Festuca eskia</i> Ramond ex DC.	mo	al	al	4	ESCPY
<i>Festuca gautieri</i> (Hack.) K.Richt.	mo	al	al	4	ESCPY
<i>Festuca glacialis</i> (Miégeville ex Hack.) K.Richt.	tl	al	ni	3	ESCPY
<i>Festuca halleri</i> All. subsp. <i>halleri</i>	tl	id	al	4	CHVAL, ITADO

<i>Festuca igoschiniae</i> Tzvelev	tl	id	al	4	RUSUR
<i>Festuca indigesta</i> Boiss. subsp. <i>indigesta</i>	tl	id	al	4	ESSNE
<i>Festuca intercedens</i> (Hack.) Lüdi ex Bech.	al	al	ni	2	ITADO
<i>Festuca norica</i> (Hack.) K.Richt.	tl	id	al	4	ITADO
<i>Festuca ovina</i> L.	mo	id	al	5	NODOV, RUPUR, RUSUR, SELAT, UKCAI
<i>Festuca ovina</i> agg.	mo	id	al	5	ESCPY, GECAK, ITCAM
<i>Festuca paniculata</i> (L.) Schinz & Thell. subsp. <i>paniculata</i>	tl	id	al	4	ITNAP
<i>Festuca picta</i> Kit.	tl	id	al	4	SKCTA
<i>Festuca pseudeskia</i> Boiss.	tl	al	al	3	ESSNE
<i>Festuca pyrenaica</i> Reut.	tl	al	ni	3	ESCPY
<i>Festuca quadriflora</i> Honck.	tl	al	al	3	ATHSW, CHVAL, ITADO
<i>Festuca riccerii</i> Foggi & Graz. Rossi	tl	id	al	4	ITNAP
<i>Festuca rubra</i> agg.	mo	id	al	5	ATHSW, ESCPY, ITNAP
<i>Festuca rupicaprina</i> (Hack.) A.Kern.	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW
<i>Festuca scabriculmis</i> (Hack.) K.Richt. subsp. <i>luedii</i> Markgr.-Dann.	tl	al	al	3	CHVAL
<i>Festuca varia</i> Haenke	mo	id	al	5	ITADO
<i>Festuca varia</i> Haenke subsp. <i>woronowii</i> (Hack.) Tzvelev	tl	id	al	4	GECAK
<i>Festuca versicolor</i> Tausch subsp. <i>brachystachys</i> (Hack.) Markgr.-Dann.	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW
<i>Festuca violacea</i> Gaudin subsp. <i>italicai</i> Foggi, Rossi Graz. & Signorini	tl	id	al	4	ITCAM
<i>Festuca vivipara</i> (L.) Sm.	al	al	al	3	SELAT
<i>Fritillaria lutea</i> Mill.	tl	al	al	3	GECAK
<i>Galium anisophyllum</i> Vill.	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, ITADO, ITNAP
<i>Galium magellense</i> Ten.	tl	id	al	4	ITCAM
<i>Galium marchandii</i> Roem. & Schult.	mo	al	al	4	ESCPY
<i>Galium noricum</i> Ehrend.	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW
<i>Galium pyrenaicum</i> Gouan	mo	al	ni	4	ESCPY, ESSNE
<i>Galium rosellum</i> (Boiss.) Boiss. & Reut.	tl	al	al	3	ESSNE
<i>Galium saxatile</i> L.	mo	mo	al	6	UKCAI
<i>Galium verticillatum</i> Danhoine	mo	mo	tl	6	GRLEO
<i>Genista baetica</i> Spach	mo	tl	al	5	ESSNE
<i>Genista tinctoria</i> L.	mo	id	al	5	ITNAP
<i>Gentiana acaulis</i> L.	tl	tl	al	5	ITADO, ITNAP
<i>Gentiana angulosa</i> Bieb.	tl	id	ni	4	GECAK
<i>Gentiana aquatica</i> L.	tl	id	ni	4	GECAK
<i>Gentiana bavarica</i> L.	al	al	ni	2	CHVAL
<i>Gentiana brachyphylla</i> Vill. subsp. <i>brachyphylla</i>	al	al	al	3	CHVAL
<i>Gentiana brachyphylla</i> Vill. subsp. <i>favrattii</i> (Rittener) Tutin	al	al	al	3	ATHSW, ITADO, ITCAM
<i>Gentiana clusii</i> E.P.Perrier & Songeon	mo	al	al	4	ATHSW
<i>Gentiana frigida</i> Haenke	al	al	ni	2	SKCTA
<i>Gentiana nivalis</i> L.	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, ESCPY, SELAT
<i>Gentiana pumila</i> Jacq. subsp. <i>pumila</i>	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW
<i>Gentiana purpurea</i> L.	tl	tl	al	5	CHVAL, ITNAP
<i>Gentiana septemfida</i> Pall.	tl	id	al	4	GECAK
<i>Gentiana terglouensis</i> Hacq. subsp. <i>terglouensis</i>	al	al	al	3	ITADO
<i>Gentiana verna</i> L. subsp. <i>verna</i>	mo	id	al	5	ATHSW, ESCPY, ITADO, ITCAM, ITNAP
<i>Gentianella anisodonta</i> (Borbás) Á.Löve & D.Löve	tl	tl	al	5	ITADO
<i>Gentianella campestris</i> (L.) Börner subsp. <i>campestris</i>	mo	tl	al	5	CHVAL, ESCPY, ITNAP
<i>Gentianella caucasaea</i> (G.Lodd. ex Sims) Holub	tl	id	al	4	GECAK

<i>Gentianella germanica</i> (Willd.) E.F.Warb.	mo	id	tl	6	ATHSW
<i>Gentianella tenella</i> (Rottb.) Börner	al	al	al	3	ITADO
<i>Geranium cinereum</i> Cav. subsp. <i>cinerium</i>	mo	al	al	4	ESCPY
<i>Geranium ibericum</i> Cav.	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Geranium ruprechtii</i> (Woronow) Grossh.	mo	id	tl	6	GECAK
<i>Geranium sylvaticum</i> L.	mo	id	tl	6	ITADO
<i>Geranium sylvaticum</i> L. subsp. <i>sylvaticum</i>	mo	id	tl	6	ATHSW
<i>Geum montanum</i> L.	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, CHVAL, ITNAP, ROCRO, SKCTA
<i>Geum reptans</i> L.	al	al	ni	2	ITADO
<i>Gymnadenia conopsea</i> (L.) R.Br.	mo	id	tl	6	ITADO
<i>Gypsophila uralensis</i> Less.	tl	al	al	3	RUSUR
<i>Hedysarum hedysaroides</i> (L.) Schinz & Thell.	tl	id	al	4	ITADO
<i>Hedysarum hedysaroides</i> (L.) Schinz & Thell. subsp. <i>arcticum</i> (B.Fedtsch.) P.W.Ball	mo	id	al	5	RUPUR
<i>Hedysarum hedysaroides</i> (L.) Schinz & Thell. subsp. <i>hedysaroides</i>	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW
<i>Helianthemum nummularium</i> (L.) Mill. subsp. <i>glabrum</i> (W.D.J.Koch) Wilczek	tl	tl	al	5	ATHSW
<i>Helianthemum nummularium</i> (L.) Mill. subsp. <i>grandiflorum</i> (Scop.) Schinz & Thell.	mo	tl	al	5	ITADO
<i>Helianthemum oelandicum</i> (L.) DC. subsp. <i>alpestre</i> (Jacq.) Breistr.	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, ITADO, ITCAM
<i>Helictotrichon asiaticum</i> (Roshev.) Grossh.	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Helictotrichon sedenense</i> (DC.) Holub	mo	al	al	4	ESCPY
<i>Herniaria boissieri</i> J.Gay	tl	al	ni	3	ESSNE
<i>Herniaria parnassica</i> Boiss. subsp. <i>cretica</i> Chaudhri	mo	id	al	5	GRLEO
<i>Hieracium alpinum</i> L.	tl	al	al	3	ATHSW, CHVAL, NODOV, ROCRO, SELAT, SKCTA
<i>Hieracium amplexicaule</i> L.	mo	tl	al	5	ITNAP
<i>Hieracium castellanum</i> Boiss. & Reut.	mo	tl	al	5	ESSNE
<i>Hieracium glaciale</i> A.Reyn.	tl	id	al	4	CHVAL
<i>Hieracium glanduliferum</i> Hoppe	tl	al	al	3	CHVAL
<i>Hieracium iremeleense</i> (Elfstr.) Juxip	tl	al	al	3	RUSUR
<i>Hieracium lactucella</i> Wallr.	mo	id	al	5	ESCPY, ITNAP
<i>Hieracium mixtum</i> Froel.	mo	id	al	5	ESCPY
<i>Hieracium murorum</i> agg.	mo	id	al	5	ITADO
<i>Hieracium nigrescens</i> agg.	mo	al	al	4	SELAT
<i>Hieracium pilosella</i> L.	mo	id	al	5	ESCPY, GECAK, ITNAP
<i>Hieracium ramondii</i> Griseb.	mo	id	tl	6	ESCPY
<i>Hieracium villosum</i> Jacq.	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, ITADO
<i>Hieracium x pannoniciforme</i> (Litw. & Zahn) Zahn	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Hierochloe alpina</i> (Willd.) Roem. & Schult.	tl	al	al	3	RUPUR
<i>Homogyne alpina</i> (L.) Cass.	mo	id	al	5	ATHSW, CHVAL, ITADO, ITNAP, ROCRO, SKCTA
<i>Homogyne discolor</i> (Jacq.) Cass.	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW
<i>Huperzia selago</i> (L.) Bernh. ex Schrank & Mart.	tl	id	al	4	UKCAI
<i>Huperzia selago</i> (L.) Bernh. ex Schrank & Mart. subsp. <i>arctica</i> (Grossh. ex Tolm.) Å. Löve & D. Löve	tl	al	ni	3	SELAT
<i>Huperzia selago</i> (L.) Bernh. ex Schrank & Mart. subsp. <i>selago</i>	tl	id	al	4	CHVAL, ITADO, ITNAP, ROCRO, RUSUR, SKCTA
<i>Hypericum empetrifolium</i> Willd.	mo	id	al	5	GRLEO
<i>Hypericum maculatum</i> Crantz	mo	mo	tl	6	ATHSW
<i>Hypericum richeri</i> Vill. subsp. <i>richeri</i>	tl	al	al	3	ITNAP
<i>Hypochaeris robertia</i> Fiori	mo	id	al	5	FRCRI
<i>Hypochaeris uniflora</i> Vill.	mo	al	al	4	ITADO, SKCTA
<i>Iberis carnosa</i> Willd. subsp. <i>embergeri</i> (Serve) Moreno	al	al	ni	2	ESSNE
<i>Iberis saxatilis</i> L. subsp. <i>saxatilis</i>	tl	al	al	3	ITCAM

<i>Inula orientalis</i> Lam.	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Jasione crispa</i> (Pourret) Samp. subsp. <i>amethystina</i> (Lag. & Rodr.) Tutin	tl	al	ni	3	ESSNE
<i>Jasione montana</i> L.	mo	mo	mo	6	ESCPY
<i>Juncus biglumis</i> L.	al	al	al	3	RUPUR
<i>Juncus trifidus</i> L. subsp. <i>monanthos</i> (Jacq.) Asch. & Graebn.	tl	al	al	3	ATHSW, ITCAM
<i>Juncus trifidus</i> L. subsp. <i>trifidus</i>	tl	al	al	3	CHVAL, ITADO, ITNAP, NODOV, ROCRO, RUSUR, SELAT, SKCTA, UKCAI
<i>Juniperus communis</i> L. subsp. <i>alpina</i> (Suter) Čelak.	tl	tl	al	5	CHVAL, ITADO, ITNAP, NODOV, RUSUR, SELAT
<i>Juniperus oxycedrus</i> L. subsp. <i>oxycedrus</i>	mo	id	tl	6	GRLEO
<i>Jurinella subacaulis</i> (Fisch. & Mey.) Iljin	al	ni	ni	1	GECAK
<i>Knautia drymeia</i> Heuff. subsp. <i>intermedia</i> (Pernh. & Wetst.) Ehrend.	mo	mo	tl	6	ATHSW
<i>Kobresia capilliformis</i> Ivanova	tl	al	al	3	GECAK
<i>Kobresia myosuroides</i> (Vill.) Fiori	al	al	ni	2	ITADO, ITCAM, NODOV
<i>Kobresia simpliciuscula</i> (Wahlenb.) Mack.	al	al	al	3	ATHSW
<i>Koeleria asiatica</i> Domin	al	al	al	3	RUSUR
<i>Lactuca perennis</i> L. subsp. <i>granatensis</i> Charpin & Fernández Casas	mo	al	al	4	ESSNE
<i>Lactuca viminea</i> (L.) Presl & C. Presl subsp. <i>alpestris</i> (Gand.) Feráková	mo	id	al	5	GRLEO
<i>Lagotis uralensis</i> Schischk.	tl	al	al	3	RUSUR
<i>Larix decidua</i> Mill.	mo	tl	tl	5	ITADO
<i>Ledum palustre</i> L. subsp. <i>palustre</i>	mo	id	al	5	RUPUR
<i>Leontodon boryi</i> Boiss. ex DC.	tl	al	ni	3	ESSNE
<i>Leontodon caucasicus</i> (Bieb.) Fisch.	al	al	al	3	GECAK
<i>Leontodon hispidus</i> L.	mo	id	al	5	ATHSW, ESCPY, GECAK, ITADO, ITNAP
<i>Leontodon hispidus</i> L. subsp. <i>danubialis</i> (Jacq.) Simonk.	mo	id	al	5	GECAK
<i>Leontodon montanus</i> Lam. subsp. <i>montanus</i>	al	al	al	3	ITCAM
<i>Leontodon pyrenaicus</i> Gouan subsp. <i>helveticus</i> (Mérat) Finch & P.D.Sell	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, CHVAL, ITADO, ITNAP
<i>Leontodon pyrenaicus</i> Gouan subsp. <i>pyrenaicus</i>	mo	al	ni	4	ESCPY
<i>Leontopodium alpinum</i> Cass. subsp. <i>alpinum</i>	tl	al	al	3	ITADO
<i>Leontopodium alpinum</i> Cass. subsp. <i>nivale</i> (Ten.) Tutin	tl	al	al	3	ITCAM
<i>Lepidium hirtum</i> (L.) Sm. subsp. <i>stylatum</i> (Lag. & Rodr.) Thell.	al	al	ni	2	ESSNE
<i>Leucanthemopsis alpina</i> (L.) Heywood subsp. <i>alpina</i>	al	al	ni	2	CHVAL, ESCPY
<i>Leucanthemopsis alpina</i> (L.) Heywood subsp. <i>tatrae</i> (Vierh.) Holub	al	al	ni	2	SKCTA
<i>Leucanthemum atratum</i> (Jacq.) DC. subsp. <i>atratum</i>	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW
<i>Ligularia sibirica</i> (L.) Cass.	tl	tl	al	5	RUSUR
<i>Ligusticum mutellina</i> (L.) Crantz	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, ROCRO, SKCTA
<i>Ligusticum mutellinoides</i> (Crantz) Vill.	al	al	al	3	CHVAL, ITADO, RUSUR
<i>Linaria aeruginea</i> (Gouan) Cav. subsp. <i>nevadensis</i> (Boiss.) Rivas Martínez, Asensi, Molero Mesa & F. Valle	tl	al	ni	3	ESSNE
<i>Linaria alpina</i> (L.) Mill.	al	al	ni	2	ESCPY, ITCAM
<i>Linnaea borealis</i> L.	mo	mo	tl	6	RUSUR, SELAT
<i>Linum alpinum</i> Jacq. subsp. <i>gracilis</i> (Bertol.) Pignatti	tl	tl	al	5	ITNAP
<i>Linum hypericifolium</i> Salisb.	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Lloydia serotina</i> (L.) Rchb.	tl	al	al	3	RUPUR, RUSUR
<i>Loiseleuria procumbens</i> (L.) Desv.	tl	id	al	4	NODOV, SELAT
<i>Lotus alpinus</i> (DC.) Schleich. ex Ramond	mo	al	al	4	ESCPY, ITADO, ITNAP

<i>Lotus corniculatus</i> L.	mo	id	al	5	ITADO, ITNAP
<i>Lotus corniculatus</i> L. subsp. <i>glacialis</i> (Boiss.) Valdés	al	al	ni	2	ESSNE
<i>Lotus corniculatus</i> agg.	mo	al	al	4	ATHSW
<i>Luzula alpinopilosa</i> (Chaix) Breistr. subsp. <i>obscura</i> S.E.Fröhner	tl	al	al	3	ROCRO, SKCTA
<i>Luzula arctica</i> Blytt	al	ni	ni	1	RUPUR
<i>Luzula arcuata</i> (Wahlenb.) Swartz	al	al	ni	2	SELAT
<i>Luzula arcuata</i> agg.	al	al	ni	2	NODOV
<i>Luzula confusa</i> Lindeb.	al	al	ni	2	RUPUR
<i>Luzula glabrata</i> (Hoppe) Desv.	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW
<i>Luzula lutea</i> (All.) DC.	tl	id	al	4	CHVAL, ITADO, ITNAP
<i>Luzula luzuloides</i> (Lam.) Dandy & Wilmott	mo	id	tl	6	ITADO, SKCTA
<i>Luzula multiflora</i> (Retz.) Lej.	mo	id	al	5	GECAK, ITNAP
<i>Luzula multiflora</i> (Retz.) Lej. subsp. <i>frigida</i> (Buchenau) V.I.Krecz.	tl	al	ni	3	RUPUR, RUSUR
<i>Luzula sieberi</i> Tausch	tl	id	al	4	ITNAP
<i>Luzula spicata</i> (L.) DC.	al	al	ni	2	ESCPY, FRCRI, GECAK, NODOV
<i>Luzula spicata</i> (L.) DC. subsp. <i>mutabilis</i> Chrtk & Krísa	tl	al	al	3	CHVAL, ITNAP
<i>Luzula stenophylla</i> Steud.	al	al	al	3	GECAK
<i>Macrotomia echoioides</i> (L.) Boiss.	tl	id	al	4	GECAK
<i>Maianthemum bifolium</i> (L.) F.W.Schmidt	mo	mo	al	6	RUSUR
<i>Matricaria caucasica</i> (Willd.) Poir.	al	ni	ni	1	GECAK
<i>Medicago lupulina</i> L.	mo	id	tl	6	GRLEO
<i>Melica rectiflora</i> Boiss. & Heldr.	mo	id	al	5	GRLEO
<i>Minuartia arctica</i> (Ser.) Graebn.	al	al	al	3	RUPUR
<i>Minuartia biflora</i> (L.) Schinz & Thell.	al	al	ni	2	SELAT
<i>Minuartia cherleroioides</i> (Hoppe) Bech. subsp. <i>cherleroioides</i>	al	al	ni	2	ATHSW, ITADO
<i>Minuartia circassica</i> (Albov) Woronow	tl	id	ni	4	GECAK
<i>Minuartia imbricata</i> (Bieb.) Woronow	tl	id	ni	4	GECAK
<i>Minuartia inamoena</i> (C.A.Mey.) Woronow	al	ni	ni	1	GECAK
<i>Minuartia macrocarpa</i> (Pursh) Ostenf.	tl	id	al	4	RUPUR
<i>Minuartia oreina</i> (Mattf.) Schischk.	tl	id	ni	4	GECAK
<i>Minuartia recurva</i> (All.) Schinz & Thell. subsp. <i>recurva</i>	al	al	al	3	CHVAL
<i>Minuartia rupestris</i> (Scop.) Schinz & Thell.	al	al	al	3	ITADO
<i>Minuartia sedoides</i> (L.) Hiern	tl	al	ni	3	ATHSW, CHVAL, ITADO, SKCTA
<i>Minuartia stricta</i> (Sw.) Hiern	tl	al	al	3	SELAT
<i>Minuartia verna</i> (L.) Hiern subsp. <i>attica</i> (Boiss. & Spruner) Hayek	tl	id	al	4	GRLEO
<i>Minuartia verna</i> (L.) Hiern subsp. <i>verna</i>	tl	al	al	3	ATHSW, ESCPY, ITADO, ITCAM, ITNAP
<i>Muscat spreitzenhoferi</i> (Heldr.) Vierh.	mo	id	al	5	GRLEO
<i>Myosotis alpestris</i> F.W.Schmidt	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, ITADO, ITNAP
<i>Myosotis ambigens</i> (Béguinot) Grau	tl	id	al	4	ITCAM
<i>Myosotis arvensis</i> (L.) Hill	mo	id	al	5	GECAK
<i>Myosotis minutiflora</i> Boiss. & Reut.	mo	tl	al	5	ESSNE
<i>Nardus stricta</i> L.	mo	id	al	5	CHVAL, ESCPY, GECAK, ITNAP, SKCTA
<i>Nigritella nigra</i> (L.) Rchb.f. subsp. <i>nigra</i>	tl	al	al	3	ITADO
<i>Omalotheca supina</i> (L.) DC.	tl	al	al	3	CHVAL, ROCRO, SELAT, SKCTA
<i>Oreochloa disticha</i> (Wulfen) Link	al	al	ni	2	ROCRO, SKCTA
<i>Oxyria digyna</i> (L.) Hill	al	al	al	3	ESCPY
<i>Oxytropis campestris</i> (L.) DC. subsp. <i>campestris</i>	mo	al	al	4	ESCPY, ITCAM
<i>Oxytropis campestris</i> (L.) DC. subsp. <i>sordida</i> (Willd.) C.Hartm.	tl	id	al	4	RUPUR
<i>Oxytropis cyanea</i> Bieb.	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK

Oxytropis jacquinii Bunge	al	al	al	3	ATHSW, ITADO
Oxytropis pyrenaica Godr. & Gren.	tl	id	al	4	ESCPY
Papaver alpinum L. subsp. rhaeticum (Ler. ex Greml.) Nyman	tl	al	al	3	ITADO
Papaver julicum E.Mayer et Merxm.	tl	al	al	3	ITCAM
Paracaryum lithospermifolium (Lam.) Grande subsp. cariense (Boiss.) R. Mill	tl	id	al	4	GRLEO
Parnassia palustris L.	mo	id	al	5	ATHSW, ITADO, SELAT
Paronychia macrosepala Boiss.	mo	id	al	5	GRLEO
Paronychia polygonifolia (Vill.) DC.	mo	al	ni	4	ESSNE
Parrya nudicaulis (L.) Boiss.	al	al	al	3	RUPUR
Pedicularis amoena Adams ex Steven	tl	al	al	3	RUPUR
Pedicularis compacta Stephan ex Willd.	tl	al	al	3	RUSUR
Pedicularis elegans Ten.	tl	tl	al	5	ITCAM
Pedicularis kernerri Dalla Torre	al	al	al	3	CHVAL
Pedicularis lapponica L.	mo	al	al	4	NODOV, SELAT
Pedicularis oederi Vahl	tl	al	al	3	RUPUR
Pedicularis portenschlagii Saut. ex Rchb.	tl	al	al	3	ATHSW
Pedicularis rosea Wulfen subsp. rosea	al	al	al	3	ATHSW, ITADO
Pedicularis rostratocapitata Crantz	tl	al	al	3	ITADO
Pedicularis rostratocapitata Crantz subsp. rostratocapitata	tl	al	al	3	ATHSW
Pedicularis tuberosa L.	tl	id	al	4	ITADO, ITNAP
Pedicularis verticillata L.	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, ITADO
Petrocallis pyrenaica (L.) R.Br.	tl	al	al	3	ATHSW
Peucedanum alpinum (Sieber ex Schult.) B.L.Burtt & P.H.Davis	tl	id	al	4	GRLEO
Phleum alpinum L. subsp. alpinum	tl	id	al	4	GECAK
Phleum alpinum L. subsp. rhaeticum Humphries	tl	tl	al	5	ITNAP
Phyllodoce caerulea (L.) Bab.	mo	al	ni	4	NODOV, SELAT
Phyteuma betonicifolium Vill.	tl	tl	al	5	CHVAL
Phyteuma hemisphaericum L.	tl	al	al	3	CHVAL, ESCPY, ITNAP
Phyteuma orbiculare L.	mo	tl	al	5	ATHSW, ESCPY, ITNAP
Phyteuma sieberi Spreng.	al	al	al	3	ITADO
Picea abies (L.) H.Karst. subsp. abies	mo	mo	tl	6	SKCTA
Picea abies (L.) H.Karst. subsp. obovata (Ledeb.) Hultén	mo	mo	tl	6	RUSUR
Pimpinella procumbens (Boiss.) H.Wolff	tl	al	ni	3	ESSNE
Pimpinella saxifraga L.	mo	mo	tl	6	ESCPY, ITNAP
Pimpinella tragium Vill. subsp. depressa (DC.) Tutin	tl	id	al	4	GRLEO
Pinguicula alpina L.	tl	id	al	4	ITADO, SELAT
Pinus cembra L.	mo	tl	tl	5	ITADO
Pinus mugo Turra	mo	tl	tl	5	ATHSW, SKCTA
Pinus sylvestris L.	mo	mo	tl	6	RUSUR
Plantago alpina L.	tl	id	al	4	CHVAL, ESCPY, ITNAP
Plantago atrata Hoppe	tl	id	al	4	ITNAP
Plantago caucasica T. Pop.	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
Plantago lanceolata L.	mo	mo	mo	6	GECAK
Plantago maritima L. subsp. serpentina (All.) Arcang.	tl	id	al	4	ITNAP
Plantago monosperma Pourr.	mo	al	al	4	ESCPY
Poa alpigena (Fr.) Lindm.	mo	tl	al	5	RUPUR, RUSUR
Poa alpina L.	tl	al	al	3	ATHSW, CHVAL, ESCPY, GECAK, ITADO, ITNAP, RUPUR, SELAT
Poa alpina L. subsp. alpina	tl	al	al	3	ITCAM
Poa balbisii Parl.	mo	al	al	4	FRCRI
Poa bulbosa L. subsp. bulbosa	mo	id	tl	6	GRLEO
Poa caucasica Trin.	al	al	ni	2	GECAK

Poa cenisia All.	tl	id	al	4	FRCRI
Poa granitica Br.-Bl. subsp. <i>disparilis</i> (E.I. Nyárády) E.I. Nyárády	al	al	al	3	ROCRO
Poa laxa Haenke	al	ni	ni	1	CHVAL, SKCTA
Poa ligulata Boiss.	mo	al	ni	4	ESSNE
Poa longifolia Trin.	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
Poa media Schur	al	al	al	3	ROCRO
Poa molinerii Balb.	mo	tl	al	5	ITCAM
Polygala alpestris Rchb.	mo	tl	al	5	ITADO
Polygala alpestris Rchb. subsp. <i>alpestris</i>	mo	tl	al	5	ESCPY, ITCAM, ITNAP
Polygala chamaebuxus L.	mo	id	tl	6	ITADO
Polygonatum verticillatum (L.) All.	mo	mo	al	6	ITADO
Polygonum alpinum All.	mo	id	al	5	RUSUR
Polygonum bistorta L.	mo	id	al	5	ITNAP, RUPUR, RUSUR, SKCTA
Polygonum carneum C. Koch	tl	id	al	4	GECAK
Polygonum viviparum L.	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, CHVAL, GECAK, ITADO, ITCAM, NODOV, RUPUR, RUSUR, SELAT, SKCTA
Potentilla aurea L. subsp. <i>aurea</i>	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, CHVAL, ITADO, ITNAP, SKCTA
Potentilla aurea L. subsp. <i>chrysocraspeda</i> (Lehm.) Nyman	tl	id	al	4	ROCRO
Potentilla brauniiana Hoppe	tl	al	al	3	ATHSW, ESCPY
Potentilla clusiana Jacq.	tl	al	al	3	ATHSW
Potentilla crantzii (Crantz) Beck ex Fritsch	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, GECAK, ITADO, ITNAP, SELAT
Potentilla crantzii (Crantz) G. Beck ex Fritsch subsp. <i>crantzii</i>	tl	id	al	4	ITCAM
Potentilla erecta (L.) Raeusch.	mo	id	al	5	ITNAP
Potentilla frigida Vill.	al	al	ni	2	CHVAL
Potentilla nitida L.	al	al	al	3	ITADO
Potentilla nivalis Lapeyr.	tl	id	al	4	ESCPY
Potentilla tabernaemontani Asch.	mo	id	tl	6	ESCPY
Primula algida Adam	tl	id	ni	4	GECAK
Primula amoena Bieb.	tl	tl	ni	5	GECAK
Primula apennina Widmer	al	al	al	3	ITNAP
Primula auricula L.	mo	al	al	4	ATHSW
Primula clusiana Tausch	mo	al	al	4	ATHSW
Primula hirsuta All.	tl	id	al	4	CHVAL
Primula minima L.	al	al	al	3	ROCRO, SKCTA
Primula veris L. subsp. <i>columnae</i> (Ten.) Lüdi	mo	mo	tl	6	ITNAP
Pritzelago alpina (L.) Kuntze subsp. <i>alpina</i>	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, ESCPY, ITADO
Prunus prostrata Labill.	mo	al	al	4	GRLEO
Pseudorchis albida (L.) ÅA. Löve & D. Löve subsp. <i>albida</i>	mo	tl	al	5	CHVAL, SKCTA
Pulmonaria angustifolia L.	tl	tl	tl	5	ITADO
Pulsatilla alba Rchb.	tl	al	al	3	ROCRO, SKCTA
Pulsatilla alpina (L.) Delarbre subsp. <i>alpina</i>	tl	id	al	4	ITCAM, ITNAP
Pulsatilla vernalis (L.) Mill.	tl	al	al	3	CHVAL, ITADO
Pyrethrum coccineum (Willd.) Vorosch.	mo	id	tl	6	GECAK
Pyrola minor L.	mo	tl	tl	5	CHVAL, SELAT
Ranunculus acris L. subsp. <i>borealis</i> (Regel) Nyman	mo	id	al	5	RUSUR
Ranunculus alpestris L. subsp. <i>alpestris</i>	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW
Ranunculus apenninus (Chiov.) Pignatti	tl	id	al	4	ITNAP
Ranunculus carinthiacus Hoppe	tl	id	al	4	ITADO
Ranunculus crenatus Waldst. & Kit.	al	al	al	3	ROCRO

Ranunculus demissus DC.	tl	id	al	4	ESSNE
Ranunculus glacialis L.	al	ni	ni	1	NODOV, SELAT, SKCTA
Ranunculus lojkae Somm. & Levier	tl	al	al	3	GECAK
Ranunculus montanus Willd.	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, ITADO
Ranunculus oreophilus M.Bieb.	tl	id	al	4	GECAK, ITADO, ITCAM
Ranunculus parnassiifolius L. subsp. heterocarpus P.Küpfer	al	al	al	3	ESCPY
Ranunculus seguieri Vill. subsp. seguieri	al	al	al	3	ITCAM
Reseda complicata Bory	mo	al	ni	4	ESSNE
Rhamnus lycioides L. subsp. oleoides (L.) Jahand. & Maire	mo	mo	tl	6	GRLEO
Rhinanthus mediterraneus (Sterneck) Adamov.	mo	id	al	5	ESCPY
Rhinanthus minor L.	mo	id	tl	6	GECAK
Rhodiola rosea L.	tl	id	al	4	SELAT
Rhododendron caucasicum Pall.	tl	id	al	4	GECAK
Rhododendron ferrugineum L.	tl	tl	al	5	CHVAL, ITADO
Rhododendron lapponicum (L.) Wahlenb.	tl	id	al	4	SELAT
Rhododendron myrtifolium Schott & Kotschy	tl	tl	al	5	ROCRO
Rhododendron x intermedium Tausch	tl	tl	al	5	ITADO
Rosa pendulina L.	mo	id	tl	6	CHVAL, ITADO
Rubus arcticus L.	mo	id	tl	6	RUPUR
Rubus idaeus L.	mo	mo	tl	6	RUSUR
Rubus saxatilis L.	mo	id	tl	6	ITADO
Rumex acetosa L.	mo	mo	al	6	GECAK
Rumex alpestris Jacq.	mo	tl	al	5	ATHSW, GECAK, RUSUR
Rumex alpinus L.	tl	id	al	4	GECAK
Sagina glabra (Willd.) Fenzl	tl	id	al	4	ITNAP
Sagina pilifera (DC.) Fenzl	tl	id	al	4	FRCRI
Salix alpina Scop.	tl	tl	al	5	ATHSW
Salix arctica Pall.	al	al	al	3	RUPUR
Salix hastata L.	mo	tl	al	5	SELAT
Salix herbacea L.	tl	al	ni	3	CHVAL, NODOV, SELAT, SKCTA
Salix kazbekensis A. Skvorts.	mo	tl	tl	5	GECAK
Salix lanata L.	mo	tl	al	5	RUSUR
Salix phyllicifolia L.	mo	tl	al	5	NODOV, SELAT
Salix polaris Wahlenb.	al	al	ni	2	SELAT
Salix reticulata L.	tl	al	al	3	ATHSW, ITADO, SELAT
Salix retusa L.	tl	al	al	3	ATHSW, ITADO, ITCAM
Salix rotundifolia Trautv.	al	al	al	3	RUPUR
Salix serpillifolia Scop.	al	al	ni	2	ITADO
Sanguisorba officinalis L.	mo	id	tl	6	RUSUR
Satureja spinosa L.	tl	id	al	4	GRLEO
Saussurea alpina (L.) DC.	tl	al	al	3	RUPUR
Saussurea alpina (L.) DC. subsp. alpina	tl	al	al	3	SELAT
Saussurea pygmaea (Jacq.) Spreng.	tl	al	al	3	ATHSW
Saussurea x uralensis Lipsch.	tl	al	al	3	RUSUR
Saxifraga aizoides L.	mo	id	al	5	ATHSW, SELAT
Saxifraga androsacea L.	al	al	ni	2	ATHSW, ITADO
Saxifraga bryoides L.	al	ni	ni	1	CHVAL, SKCTA
Saxifraga caesia L.	tl	al	al	3	ATHSW, ITADO
Saxifraga cespitosa L.	al	al	ni	2	NODOV, SELAT
Saxifraga exarata Vill.	al	al	ni	2	CHVAL
Saxifraga exarata Vill. subsp. ampullacea (Ten.) D.A. Webb	tl	al	al	3	ITCAM
Saxifraga exarata Vill. subsp. moschata (Wulfen) Cavill.	al	al	ni	2	ATHSW, ESCPY, GECAK, ITADO

<i>Saxifraga facchinii</i> W.D.J.Koch	al	al	al	3	ITADO
<i>Saxifraga nevadensis</i> Boiss.	al	ni	ni	1	ESSNE
<i>Saxifraga oppositifolia</i> L.	al	ni	ni	1	ESCPY
<i>Saxifraga oppositifolia</i> L. subsp. <i>oppositifolia</i>	al	ni	ni	1	ITADO, ITCAM, SELAT
<i>Saxifraga paniculata</i> Mill.	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, CHVAL, ESCPY, ITADO, ITNAP
<i>Saxifraga paniculata</i> Mill. subsp. <i>paniculata</i>	tl	id	al	4	ITCAM
<i>Saxifraga pedemontana</i> All. subsp. <i>cervicornis</i> (Viv.) Engl.	mo	al	al	4	FRCRI
<i>Saxifraga sedoides</i> L. subsp. <i>sedoides</i>	al	al	al	3	ATHSW, ITADO
<i>Saxifraga squarrosa</i> Sieber	tl	al	al	3	ITADO
<i>Scabiosa caucasica</i> Bieb.	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Scabiosa lucida</i> Vill.	mo	id	al	5	ATHSW, ITADO, ITNAP
<i>Scorzonera aristata</i> Ramond ex DC.	mo	tl	tl	5	ITADO
<i>Scrophularia minima</i> M. Bieb.	al	id	ni	2	GECAK
<i>Scutellaria hirta</i> Sibth. & Sm.	tl	id	al	4	GRLEO
<i>Sedum acre</i> L.	mo	mo	mo	6	GRLEO
<i>Sedum album</i> L.	mo	mo	al	6	GRLEO
<i>Sedum alpestre</i> Vill.	tl	al	ni	3	FRCRI, ITNAP, ROCRO
<i>Sedum amplexicaule</i> DC. subsp. <i>tenuifolium</i> (Sm.) Greuter	mo	al	al	4	ESSNE, GRLEO
<i>Sedum atratum</i> L.	tl	id	al	4	ITADO
<i>Sedum atratum</i> L. subsp. <i>atratum</i>	tl	id	al	4	ESCPY
<i>Sedum monregalense</i> Balb.	mo	tl	al	5	ITNAP
<i>Sedum spurium</i> M.Bieb.	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Sedum tristriatum</i> Boiss.	mo	tl	al	5	GRLEO
<i>Selaginella selaginoides</i> (L.) Link	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, ITADO, RUPUR, SELAT
<i>Sempervivum arachnoideum</i> L. subsp. <i>arachnoideum</i>	mo	id	al	5	ITCAM, ITNAP
<i>Sempervivum montanum</i> L. subsp. <i>montanum</i>	tl	id	al	4	CHVAL, ESCPY
<i>Sempervivum nevadense</i> Wale	tl	al	ni	3	ESSNE
<i>Sempervivum tectorum</i> L.	mo	id	al	5	ITNAP
<i>Senecio boissieri</i> DC.	tl	al	ni	3	ESSNE
<i>Senecio igoschinae</i> Schischk.	tl	id	al	4	RUSUR
<i>Senecio incanus</i> L. subsp. <i>incanus</i>	tl	al	al	3	CHVAL
<i>Sesleria albicans</i> Kit. ex Schult.	mo	id	al	5	ATHSW, ITADO
<i>Sesleria ovata</i> (Hoppe) A.Kern.	al	al	ni	2	ATHSW
<i>Sesleria sphaerocephala</i> Ard.	tl	al	al	3	ITADO
<i>Sesleria tenuifolia</i> Schrad. subsp. <i>tenuifolia</i>	tl	id	al	4	ITCAM
<i>Sibbaldia procumbens</i> L.	tl	al	al	3	SELAT
<i>Sibbaldia semiglabra</i> C.A. Mey.	al	al	ni	2	GECAK
<i>Sideritis glacialis</i> Boiss.	tl	al	al	3	ESSNE
<i>Silene acaulis</i> (L.) Jacq.	al	al	ni	2	ESCPY
<i>Silene acaulis</i> (L.) Jacq. subsp. <i>acaulis</i>	al	al	ni	2	ATHSW, ITADO, ITCAM, RUPUR, SELAT
<i>Silene acaulis</i> (L.) Jacq. subsp. <i>bryoides</i> (Jord.) Nyman	al	al	ni	2	CHVAL, ITNAP, SKCTA
<i>Silene boryi</i> Boiss.	mo	tl	ni	5	ESSNE
<i>Silene paucifolia</i> Ledeb.	al	al	al	3	RUPUR
<i>Silene rupestris</i> L.	mo	tl	al	5	CHVAL, ITADO, ITNAP
<i>Silene ruprechtii</i> Schischk.	tl	id	al	4	GECAK
<i>Silene uralensis</i> (Rupr.) Bocquet subsp. <i>apetala</i> (L.) Bocquet	al	al	al	3	RUPUR
<i>Silene vulgaris</i> (Moench) Garcke subsp. <i>vulgaris</i>	mo	id	al	5	ITADO
<i>Soldanella alpina</i> L.	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, CHVAL, ITADO
<i>Soldanella austriaca</i> Vierh.	al	al	al	3	ATHSW

<i>Soldanella carpatica</i> Vierh.	tl	id	al	4	SKCTA
<i>Soldanella hungarica</i> Simonk. subsp. <i>hungarica</i>	tl	id	al	4	ROCRO
<i>Soldanella hungarica</i> Simonk. subsp. <i>major</i> (Neilr.) Pawl.	mo	tl	al	5	ROCRO
<i>Solidago virgaurea</i> L.	mo	tl	al	5	SKCTA
<i>Solidago virgaurea</i> L. subsp. <i>minuta</i> (L.) Arcang.	mo	tl	al	5	ATHSW, NODOV, ROCRO, RUSUR, SELAT
<i>Sorbus aucuparia</i> L. subsp. <i>sibirica</i> (Hedl.) Krylov	mo	mo	tl	6	RUSUR
<i>Stachys corsica</i> Pers.	mo	id	al	5	FRCRI
<i>Stellaria longipes</i> Goldie	tl	id	ni	4	RUPUR
<i>Stipa bromoides</i> (L.) Dörfel.	mo	id	tl	6	GRLEO
<i>Swertia iberica</i> Fisch. & C.A.Mey.	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Swertia obtusa</i> Ledeb.	mo	id	al	5	RUSUR
<i>Taraxacum apenninum</i> agg.	tl	id	al	4	ESCPY, ITADO
<i>Taraxacum bithynicum</i> agg.	mo	tl	al	5	GRLEO
<i>Taraxacum confusum</i> Schischk.	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Taraxacum porphyranthum</i> Boiss.	mo	id	al	5	GECAK
<i>Taraxacum stevenii</i> DC.	al	al	ni	2	GECAK
<i>Teucrium alpestre</i> Sibth. & Sm. subsp. <i>alpestre</i>	mo	id	tl	6	GRLEO
<i>Teucrium lerouxii</i> Sennen	mo	al	al	4	ESSNE
<i>Thalictrum alpinum</i> L.	tl	al	al	3	ESCPY, SELAT
<i>Thesium alpinum</i> L.	mo	id	al	5	CHVAL, ITADO, ITNAP
<i>Thesium bergeri</i> Zucc.	mo	id	tl	6	GRLEO
<i>Thlaspi alpinum</i> Crantz subsp. <i>alpinum</i>	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW
<i>Thlaspi brevistylum</i> (DC.) Mutel	mo	id	al	5	FRCRI
<i>Thlaspi rotundifolium</i> (L.) Gaudin, non Tineo subsp. <i>rotundifolium</i>	tl	al	al	3	ITADO
<i>Thlaspi stylosum</i> (Ten.) Mutel	tl	tl	al	5	ITCAM
<i>Thymus capitatus</i> (L.) Hoffmanns. & Link	mo	mo	tl	6	GRLEO
<i>Thymus collinus</i> Bieb.	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Thymus nervosus</i> J.Gay ex Willk.	mo	al	al	4	ESCPY
<i>Thymus nummularius</i> Bieb.	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Thymus praecox</i> Opiz subsp. <i>polytrichus</i> (A.Kern. ex Borb s) Jalas	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, ITADO, ITCAM, ITNAP
<i>Thymus serpyloides</i> Bory subsp. <i>serpyloides</i>	tl	al	al	3	ESSNE
<i>Thymus transcaucasicus</i> Ronn.	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Tofieldia pusilla</i> (Michx.) Pers. subsp. <i>pusilla</i>	tl	id	al	4	SELAT
<i>Tragopogon filifolius</i> Rehm. ex Boiss.	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Tragopogon reticulatus</i> Boiss. & Huet	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Trientalis europaea</i> L.	mo	mo	al	6	RUSUR
<i>Trifolium alpinum</i> L.	tl	id	al	4	ESCPY, ITNAP
<i>Trifolium ambiguum</i> M.Bieb.	mo	id	al	5	GECAK
<i>Trifolium badium</i> Schreb.	mo	tl	al	5	ATHSW
<i>Trifolium canescens</i> Willd.	mo	id	al	5	GECAK
<i>Trifolium pratense</i> L.	mo	id	al	5	ESCPY, ITNAP
<i>Trifolium pratense</i> L. subsp. <i>nivale</i> Arc.	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW
<i>Trifolium repens</i> L.	mo	mo	al	6	GECAK
<i>Trifolium thalii</i> Vill.	tl	id	al	4	ESCPY, ITNAP
<i>Trifolium trichocephalum</i> Bieb.	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Trinia dalechampii</i> (Ten.) Janch.	mo	tl	al	5	ITCAM
<i>Trisetum glauciale</i> (Bory) Boiss.	al	al	ni	2	ESSNE
<i>Trisetum spicatum</i> (L.) K.Richt. subsp. <i>spicatum</i>	al	al	ni	2	SELAT
<i>Trollius europaeus</i> L.	mo	id	al	5	ITADO
<i>Trollius ranunculinus</i> (Smith) Stearn	tl	id	al	4	GECAK
<i>Vaccinium myrtillus</i> L.	mo	mo	al	6	ATHSW, CHVAL, GECAK, ITADO, ITNAP, NODOV, ROCRO, SELAT, SKCTA, UKCAI

<i>Vaccinium uliginosum</i> L. subsp. <i>microphyllum</i> Lange	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, CHVAL, ITADO, ITNAP, ROCRO, SELAT, SKCTA
<i>Vaccinium uliginosum</i> L. subsp. <i>uliginosum</i>	mo	tl	al	5	NODOV, RUPUR, RUSUR
<i>Vaccinium vitis-idaea</i> L.	mo	id	al	5	GECAK
<i>Vaccinium vitis-idaea</i> L. subsp. <i>vitis-idaea</i>	mo	id	al	5	ATHSW, CHVAL, ITADO, ITNAP, NODOV, ROCRO, RUPUR, RUSUR, SELAT, SKCTA
<i>Valeriana capitata</i> Link	tl	id	al	4	RUPUR
<i>Valeriana celtica</i> L. subsp. <i>norica</i> Vierh.	tl	al	al	3	ATHSW
<i>Valeriana officinalis</i> L.	mo	mo	al	6	RUSUR
<i>Valeriana salinca</i> All.	tl	al	al	3	ITCAM
<i>Valeriana tripteris</i> L.	mo	id	tl	6	CHVAL, ITADO
<i>Velezia rigida</i> L.	mo	id	tl	6	GRLEO
<i>Veronica alpina</i> L.	al	al	ni	2	ATHSW, ESCPY, SELAT
<i>Veronica aphylla</i> L.	tl	al	al	3	ATHSW, ITADO
<i>Veronica baumgartenii</i> Roem. & Schult.	tl	id	al	4	ROCRO
<i>Veronica bellidioides</i> L. subsp. <i>bellidioides</i>	tl	al	al	3	CHVAL
<i>Veronica fruticans</i> Jacq.	tl	id	al	4	ITADO, ITNAP, SELAT
<i>Veronica gentianoides</i> Vahl	tl	id	al	4	GECAK
<i>Veronica nummularia</i> Gouan	tl	al	ni	3	ESCPY
<i>Veronica officinalis</i> L.	mo	mo	tl	6	ESCPY
<i>Veronica telephifolia</i> Vahl	al	ni	ni	1	GECAK
<i>Veronica thymifolia</i> Sibth. & Sm.	tl	id	al	4	GRLEO
<i>Vicia alpestris</i> Stev.	tl	id	al	4	GECAK
<i>Vicia grossheimii</i> Ekvitm.	tl	tl	al	5	GECAK
<i>Vicia pyrenaica</i> Pourr.	mo	al	al	4	ESCPY
<i>Viola alpina</i> Jacq.	al	al	al	3	ATHSW
<i>Viola biflora</i> L.	tl	id	al	4	ATHSW, ITADO, SELAT
<i>Viola calcarata</i> L. subsp. <i>cavillieri</i> (W. Becker) Merxm. & Lippert	tl	id	al	4	ITNAP
<i>Viola crassiuscula</i> Bory	al	al	ni	2	ESSNE
<i>Viola eugeniae</i> Parl. subsp. <i>eugeniae</i>	mo	tl	al	5	ITCAM
<i>Viola magellensis</i> Porta & Rigo ex Strobl	al	al	al	3	ITCAM
<i>Viola rupestris</i> F.W. Schmidt subsp. <i>rupestris</i>	mo	mo	tl	6	ESCPY
<i>Vitaliana primuliflora</i> Bertol. subsp. <i>canescens</i> O.Schwarz	al	al	ni	2	ESCPY
<i>Vitaliana primuliflora</i> Bertol. subsp. <i>praetutiana</i> (Buser ex Sünd.) I.K.Ferguson	al	al	al	3	ITCAM